

**Company registration number: 705277**

**Badger Cove Limited**

**Unaudited abridged financial statements**

**for the financial year ended 31st December 2025**

# Badger Cove Limited

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## **Badger Cove Limited**

### **Directors and other information**

<b>Directors</b>	Mr. Damian Corr Ms. Jennifer Campbell
<b>Secretary</b>	Ms. Jennifer Campbell
<b>Company number</b>	705277
<b>Registered office</b>	10 O'Byrne Villas O'Byrne Road Bray Co. Wicklow
<b>Business address</b>	10 O'Byrne Villas O'Byrne Road Bray Co. Wicklow
<b>Accountants</b>	DLD Accounting 37 Lower Baggot Street Dublin 2
<b>Bankers</b>	Allied Irish Bank Bray Co. Wicklow

## **Badger Cove Limited**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, they have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime (FRS 105).

As such the directors are responsible for preparing financial statements in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 with which the company is obliged to comply, including the appropriate use of the going concern basis of accounting, which is consistent with those requirements, and having availed of the exemptions to which the company is entitled by virtue of qualifying for the micro companies regime and FRS 105. Thereby, the financial statements are presumed, in law, to give a true and fair view without any consideration of any other circumstances, factors, accounting principles or disclosures.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2014. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the company and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

## Badger Cove Limited

### Balance sheet As at 31st December 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Fixed assets	8,857	14,113
Current assets	134,140	84,377
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	(88,039)	(82,904)
<b>Net current assets</b>	<b>46,101</b>	<b>1,473</b>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>	<b>54,958</b>	<b>15,586</b>
Accruals and deferred income	(21,000)	(2,000)
<b>Net assets</b>	<b>33,958</b>	<b>13,586</b>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>	<b>33,958</b>	<b>13,586</b>

We, as directors of Badger Cove Limited state that:

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a micro company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the micro companies regime.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 8th April 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

**Mr. Damian Corr**  
Director

**Ms. Jennifer Campbell**  
Director

## **Badger Cove Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31 December 2025**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is 10 O'Byrne Villas, O'Byrne Road, Bray, Co. Wicklow.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 105, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime'.

#### **3. Accounting policies and measurement bases**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime issued by the Financial Reporting Council ("FRS 105"). The company qualifies as a micro company for the period, as defined by section 280D of the Companies Act 2014, in respect of the financial year and has applied the rules of the 'micro companies regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 105.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Going concern**

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis which assumes that the company will continue to operate for the foreseeable future. The company is dependent on the support of the directors, and the directors have confirmed that the support will continue.

Taking into consideration the continuing support, the directors are confident that the company has adequate resources and support to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For these reasons, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

##### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Taxation**

Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

## Badger Cove Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2025

#### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are measured initially at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5%	straight line
Motor vehicles	- 20%	straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

## **Badger Cove Limited**

### **Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31 December 2025**

#### **Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial instruments are initially recognised at cost, which is the transaction price.

Investments in shares, subsidiaries or participating interests are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Derivatives are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss less any impairment losses recognised to date. This is allocated to profit or loss over the term of the contract on a straight-line basis, unless another systematic basis of allocation is more appropriate.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at the cost plus any transaction costs not immediately recognised in profit or loss, plus accumulated interest income or expense recognised to date, less all repayments of principal or interest to date, less impairment.

Financial assets are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

#### **Loans and borrowings**

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount of cash advanced plus transaction costs incurred, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at the market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Subsequently loans made by the company are stated at the amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less impairment, where there is objective evidence of impairment.

All borrowings by the company, with the exception of loans from directors and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons), are initially recorded at the amount of cash received less separately incurred transaction costs, unless the arrangement constitutes, in effect, a financing transaction, in which case it is measured at the present value of future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Loans from directors and shareholders in the company (or close members of the family of such persons) are initially measured at transaction price and not discounted on subsequent measurement.

The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one year or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

#### **Share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

**Badger Cove Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 31 December 2025**

**4. Appropriations of profit and loss account**

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	13,566	9,820
Profit for the financial year	20,372	3,746
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<u>33,938</u>	<u>13,566</u>