

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
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Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

Michael Bohan
Director

Patricia Bohan
Director

6 December 2025

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited

BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	6	500,000	500,000
Tangible assets	7	221,513	202,500
Fixed Assets		721,513	702,500
Current Assets			
Debtors	8	5,056	6,571
Cash and cash equivalents		40,088	68,715
		45,144	75,286
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	9	(120,958)	(181,356)
Net Current Liabilities		(75,814)	(106,070)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		645,699	596,430
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		2	2
Retained earnings		645,697	596,428
Equity attributable to owners of the company		645,699	596,430

We as Directors of Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 6 December 2025 and signed on its behalf by:

Michael Bohan
Director

Patricia Bohan
Director

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 April 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 May 2023	2	550,049	550,051
Profit for the financial year	-	46,379	46,379
At 30 April 2024	2	596,428	596,430
Profit for the financial year	-	49,269	49,269
At 30 April 2025	2	645,697	645,699

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. General Information

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. No. 7 Teeling Street, Ballina, Mayo, Ireland is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. . The principal activity of the company is the provision of legal consultancy services. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Cash Flow Statement because it is classified as a small company.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets including other intangible fixed assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Balance Sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 0 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	20% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

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NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,716	-
Government grants received	(2,549)	-
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Legal & administration	5	5
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

5. Tax on profit

	2025	2024
	€	€
(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year		
Current tax:		
Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 5 (b))	11,604	10,924

(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year

The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%). The differences are explained below:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit taxable at 12.50%	60,873	57,303
Profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)	7,609	7,163
Effects of:		
Close company surcharge	3,995	3,761
Total tax charge for the financial year (Note 5 (a))	11,604	10,924

6. Intangible assets

	Goodwill	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 May 2024	500,000	500,000
At 30 April 2025	500,000	500,000
Net book value		
At 30 April 2025	500,000	500,000
At 30 April 2024	500,000	500,000

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

7. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
Cost			
At 1 May 2024	202,500	3,396	205,896
Additions	-	21,729	21,729
At 30 April 2025	<u>202,500</u>	<u>25,125</u>	<u>227,625</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 May 2024	-	3,396	3,396
Charge for the financial year	-	2,716	2,716
At 30 April 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>6,112</u>	<u>6,112</u>
Net book value			
At 30 April 2025	<u>202,500</u>	<u>19,013</u>	<u>221,513</u>
At 30 April 2024	<u>202,500</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>202,500</u>
8. Debtors		2025	2024
		€	€
Taxation		<u>5,056</u>	<u>6,571</u>
9. Creditors		2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year		€	€
Taxation		26,786	23,193
Directors' current accounts (Note 12)		91,172	155,163
Accruals		3,000	3,000
		<u>120,958</u>	<u>181,356</u>
10. Income Statement		2025	2024
		€	€
At 1 May 2024		596,428	550,049
Profit for the financial year		49,269	46,379
At 30 April 2025		<u>645,697</u>	<u>596,428</u>
11. Capital commitments			
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.			
12. Directors' remuneration and transactions		2025	2024
		€	€
Remuneration		<u>140,538</u>	<u>138,000</u>

Michael G.Bohan & Company Limited
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The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Michael Bohan	91,172	155,163

13. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

14. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 6 December 2025.