

**Registered number: 288489**

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**  
**Abridged Financial Statements**  
**For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Company Information**

<b>Directors</b>	Nicola McGrane Eamonn O' Callanain
<b>Company secretary</b>	Nicola McGrane
<b>Registered number</b>	288489
<b>Registered office</b>	Suite 21 The Hyde Building The Park, Carrickmines Dublin 18
<b>Independent auditor</b>	Azets Audit Services Ireland Limited Statutory Audit Firm 3rd Floor 40 Mespil Road Dublin 4
<b>Bankers</b>	AIB Bank Plc 1 Lower Baggot Street Dublin 2  AIB Bank Plc 1 Adelaide Road Dublin 2  Bank of Ireland Main Street Dundrum Dublin 14
<b>Solicitors</b>	Hayes Solicitors Lavery House Earlsfort Terrace Dublin 2

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

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## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Directors' Responsibilities Statement For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare the financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date, of the profit or loss for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

*Nicola Mc Grane*

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**Nicola McGrane**  
Director

Date: Feb 20 2026

*Eamonn O' Callanain*

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**Eamonn O' Callanain**  
Director

Jan 18 2026

## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Independent Auditor's Special Report to the Directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014

On 20/2/26 we reported as auditor of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited to the directors of the company on the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 on pages 7 to 17 and our report was as follows:

We have examined:

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 on pages 7 to 17 which the directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited propose to annex to the Annual Return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

#### Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

It is your responsibility to prepare the abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under Section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to Section 353 of that Act (exemptions available for small companies) and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the directors in accordance with Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work was undertaken so that we might state to the directors those matters we are required to state to them in our report under Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Basis of opinion

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the Annual Return of the company and that the abridged financial statements are properly prepared. The scope of our work for the purpose of this report did not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our report on the full financial statements.

#### Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the directors are entitled under Section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the Annual Return of the company the abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 353 of that Act (exemptions available for small sized companies).

#### Other information

On 20/2/26 we reported as auditor of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited to the members on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 to be laid before its Annual General Meeting and our report was as follows:

"We have audited the financial statements of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited (the 'company') for the financial year ended 31 March 2025, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

## **Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

### **Independent Auditor's Special Report to the Directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited (continued) Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 31 March 2025 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

#### **Basis for opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Conclusions relating to going concern**

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

#### **Other information**

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, other than the financial statements and our Auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

## **Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

### **Independent Auditor's Special Report to the Directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited (continued) Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

#### **Opinion on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014**

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

#### **Matters on which we are required to report by exception**

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the Directors' Report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### **Respective responsibilities**

##### **Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements**

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## **Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

### **Independent Auditor's Special Report to the Directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited (continued) Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

#### **Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion of the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit."

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Independent Auditor's Special Report to the Directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited (continued)  
Pursuant to Section 356 of the Companies Act 2014**

**The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities**

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Desmond McCann

For and on behalf of

**Azets Audit Services Ireland Limited**

Statutory Audit Firm

3rd Floor

40 Mespil Road

Dublin 4

Date: 20/2/26

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Abridged Balance Sheet  
As at 31 March 2025**

	Note	2025 €	2025 €	2024 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Intangible assets	10		-		-
Tangible fixed assets	11		<b>31,083</b>		37,333
Financial assets	12		<b>167,031</b>		166,361
			<u>198,114</u>		<u>203,694</u>
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	13	<b>2,172,838</b>		4,316,813	
Cash at bank and in hand		<b>2,566,113</b>		2,996,716	
		<u>4,738,951</u>		<u>7,313,529</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	<b>(2,428,310)</b>		(5,461,870)	
<b>Net current assets</b>			<u>2,310,641</u>		<u>1,851,659</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>2,508,755</u>		<u>2,055,353</u>
<b>Net assets</b>			<u>2,508,755</u>		<u>2,055,353</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			75		75
Capital redemption reserve	15		75		75
Profit and loss account	15		<b>2,508,605</b>		2,055,203
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>			<u>2,508,755</u>		<u>2,055,353</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the small companies regime.

We, as directors of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited, state that:

The company has relied on the specific exemptions contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board:

*Nicola Mc Grane*

*Eamonn O' Callanain*

**Nicola McGrane**  
Director

**Eamonn O' Callanain**  
Director

Date: Feb 20 2026

Jan 18 2026

The notes on pages 8 to 17 form part of these financial statements.

## **Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

### **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

#### **1. General information**

These financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited for the financial year ended 31 March 2025.

Conference Partners (IRE) Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office is Suite 21, The Hyde Building, The Park, Carrickmines, Dublin 18 (Registered number: 288489). The nature of the company's operation and its principal activities are set out in the Directors Report.

#### **Statement of compliance**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (FRS 102), as adapted by Section 1A.

#### **Currency**

The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

#### **Accounting policies**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### **2. Accounting policies**

##### **2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2014.

The company has taken advantage of the disclosure option of preparing a single statement of profit and loss and retained earnings as permitted by the FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

##### **2.2 Revenue**

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes. The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

##### **2.3 Grant Income**

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account in the same period as the related expenditure.

##### **2.4 Pensions**

###### **Defined contribution pension plan**

The company operates a defined contribution plan for its employees. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. Once the contributions have been paid the company has no further payment obligations.

The contributions are recognised as an expense in profit or loss when they fall due. Amounts not paid are shown in accruals as a liability in the Balance Sheet. The assets of the plan are held separately from the company in independently administered funds.

## **Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

### **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

#### **2. Accounting policies (continued)**

##### **2.5 Foreign currency translation**

###### **Functional and presentation currency**

The company's functional and presentational currency is Euros.

###### **Transactions and balances**

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Profit and Loss Account within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

##### **2.6 Current and deferred taxation**

The tax expense for the financial year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.7 Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed ten years.

Amortisation is provided on the following bases:

Computer software	-	33 % straight line
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##### 2.8 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

The company adds to the carrying amount of an item of fixed assets the cost of replacing part of such an item when that cost is incurred, if the replacement part is expected to provide incremental future benefits to the company. The carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised. Repairs and maintenance are charged to profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Depreciation is provided on the following basis:

Fixtures and fittings	-	20% straight line
Office equipment	-	33% straight line
Computer equipment	-	33% straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in profit or loss.

##### 2.9 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted company shares, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Profit and Loss for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

##### 2.10 Debtors

Short-term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

#### 2. Accounting policies (continued)

##### 2.11 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

##### 2.12 Creditors

Short-term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

##### 2.13 Dividends

Equity dividends are recognised when they become legally payable. Interim equity dividends are recognised when paid. Final equity dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders at an annual general meeting.

##### 2.14 Share capital of the company

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

#### 3. Judgments in applying accounting policies

The directors consider the accounting assumptions below to be its critical accounting judgments:

##### Going concern

The directors have prepared budgets and cash flows for a period of at least twelve months from the date of the approval of the financial statements which demonstrate that there is no material uncertainty regarding the company's ability to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business, and to continue as a going concern. Accordingly, these financial statements do not include any adjustments to the carrying amounts and classification of assets and liabilities that may arise if the company was unable to continue as a going concern.

#### 4. Other operating income

	2025	2024
	€	€
Management recharges	-	918,518
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

#### 5. Other operating charges

	2025	2024
	€	€
Management recharges	(1,032,623)	-
	<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>

## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

#### 6. Profit on ordinary activities before taxation

The operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025	2024
	€	€
Depreciation of tangible fixed assets	19,172	17,490
Exchange differences	(12,169)	(12,917)
Defined contribution pension cost	16,116	-
	<u>16,116</u>	<u>-</u>

#### 7. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including the directors, during the financial year was as follows:

	2025	2024
	No.	No.
Employees	31	36
	<u>31</u>	<u>36</u>

#### 8. Directors' remuneration

	2025	2024
	€	€
Directors' emoluments	824,650	777,309
	<u>824,650</u>	<u>777,309</u>

In accordance with section 305 of the Companies Act 2014, the aggregate amount of directors' remuneration as shown above has been paid by Conference Partners International Limited, the holding company. Amounts paid by group entities are not expensed through this company.

#### 9. Income from investments

	2025	2024
	€	€
Dividends received from subsidiary	4,783	-
	<u>4,783</u>	<u>-</u>

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements  
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

**10. Intangible assets**

	<b>Computer software €</b>	<b>Goodwill €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 April 2024	125,971	64,000	189,971
At 31 March 2025	<u>125,971</u>	<u>64,000</u>	<u>189,971</u>
<b>Amortisation</b>			
At 1 April 2024	125,971	64,000	189,971
At 31 March 2025	<u>125,971</u>	<u>64,000</u>	<u>189,971</u>
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements  
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

**11. Tangible fixed assets**

	Fixtures and fittings €	Office equipment €	Computer equipment €	Total €
<b>Cost or valuation</b>				
At 1 April 2024	96,285	22,905	253,713	372,903
Additions	-	-	12,922	12,922
Disposals	(70,103)	(13,390)	(30,952)	(114,445)
At 31 March 2025	<u>26,182</u>	<u>9,515</u>	<u>235,683</u>	<u>271,380</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 April 2024	88,184	15,347	232,039	335,570
Charge for the financial year on owned assets	2,069	1,649	15,454	19,172
Disposals	(70,103)	(13,390)	(30,952)	(114,445)
At 31 March 2025	<u>20,150</u>	<u>3,606</u>	<u>216,541</u>	<u>240,297</u>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 31 March 2025	<u>6,032</u>	<u>5,909</u>	<u>19,142</u>	<u>31,083</u>
At 31 March 2024	<u>8,101</u>	<u>7,558</u>	<u>21,674</u>	<u>37,333</u>

The company had no capital commitments at the financial year end.

**12. Financial assets**

	Investments in subsidiary companies €	Other fixed asset investments €	Total €
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
At 1 April 2024	100	166,261	166,361
Disposals	(100)	-	(100)
Revaluations	-	770	770
At 31 March 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>167,031</u>	<u>167,031</u>

During the financial year the subsidiary company was subject to a VSO, and as a result the investment has been written off in full.

## Conference Partners (IRE) Limited

### Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

#### 13. Debtors

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	1,303,686	1,542,136
Amounts owed by group undertakings	782,991	2,070,609
Other debtors	81,857	698,959
Deferred taxation	4,304	5,109
	<u>2,172,838</u>	<u>4,316,813</u>

#### 14. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade creditors	180,021	635,070
Amounts owed to group undertakings	134,340	4,883
Corporation tax	33,096	-
Taxation and social insurance	120,448	106,050
Other creditors	1,814,606	4,564,257
Accruals	145,799	151,610
	<u>2,428,310</u>	<u>5,461,870</u>

#### 15. Reserves

##### Capital redemption reserve

A non-distributable reserve of money funded by redemption of a company's own shares in prior years.

##### Profit and loss account

The profit and loss account represents cumulative gains and losses recognised in the profit and loss account, net of transfers to/from other reserves and dividends paid.

#### 16. Appropriation of Profit and loss account

	2025 €	2024 €
Profit and loss account brought forward at the beginning of the financial year	2,055,203	2,040,852
Profit for the financial year	453,402	14,351
<b>Profit and loss account carried forward at the end of the financial year</b>	<u>2,508,605</u>	<u>2,055,203</u>

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements  
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

**17. Deferred taxation**

	<b>2025</b>
	<b>€</b>
At beginning of year	<b>5,109</b>
Charged to profit or loss	<b>(805)</b>
<b>At end of year</b>	<b>4,304</b>

The deferred tax asset is made up as follows:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Accelerated capital allowances	<b>4,304</b>	<b>5,109</b>

**18. Pension commitments**

The company operates a defined contributions pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the company to the fund. Contributions of €984 (2024: €2,408) were payable to the fund at the balance sheet date and included in other creditors.

**19. Related party transactions**

The related parties of Conference Partners (IRE) Limited, as defined by Financial Reporting Standard 102, the nature of the relationship and the extent of transactions with them outstanding at the year end are summarised below:

	<b>Opening</b>	<b>Advances</b>	<b>Payments</b>	<b>Closing</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Amounts due (to)/from connected companies	<b>918,960</b>	<b>6,147</b>	<b>(1,059,447)</b>	<b>(134,340)</b>
Amounts due (to)/from connected companies - trading balance	<b>195,172</b>	<b>930,620</b>	<b>(1,121,771)</b>	<b>4,021</b>

The company received management recharges of €NIL (2024: €918,518) from connected companies during the year.

The company incurred management recharges of €134,340 (2024: €NIL) from connected companies during the year.

The company has availed of the exemption under FRS 102 regarding transactions with wholly owned group companies.

There is no key management personnel other than the directors of the company.

**Conference Partners (IRE) Limited**

**Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements  
For the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025**

**20. Controlling party**

The company is 100% owned by Conference Partners International Limited, a company incorporated in Republic of Ireland. The ultimate controlling party is Nicola McGrane.

**21. Approval of financial statements**

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 20/2/26