

Company Number: 595895

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

Abridged Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

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Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

DIRECTORS AND OTHER INFORMATION

Directors	Fiona Ann Doody (Resigned 29 February 2024) Conor McGoveran Paul Mooney (Resigned 31 August 2024) Julian Ritchie (Appointed 21 November 2025)
Company Secretary	Paul Byrne (Appointed 23 August 2024) Paul Mooney (Appointed 27 October 2023, Resigned 23 August 2024) MFD Secretaries Limited (Resigned 27 October 2023)
Company Number	595895
Registered Office and Business Address	Cushman & Wakefield 2 Cumberland Place Fenian Street Dublin 2
Auditors	Brendan J. McLoughlin & Co. Limited Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditor 2 Seapoint Avenue Blackrock Dublin A94 VY68 Republic of Ireland
Managing Agents	Cushman & Wakefield 2 Cumberland Place Fenian Street Dublin 2

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

Each persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board

Julian Ritchie
Director

25 February 2026

Conor McGovern
Director

25 February 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF MOUNTANVILLE HOUSE OWNERS MANAGEMENT CLG

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Opinion

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex the abridged financial statements to the annual return of Mountanville House Owners Management CLG ('the company') and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act (exemptions available to small companies).

Basis of opinion

We have examined :

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 on pages 9 to 13 which the directors of Mountanville House Owners Management CLG propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with section 352 of the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to sections 352 and 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors, as a body, in accordance with section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the directors those matters we are required to state to them in our report under section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Other Information required by the Companies Act 2014

On 25 February 2026 we reported to the members on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 and our report was as follows:

"Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Mountanville House Owners Management CLG ('the company') for the financial year ended 30 June 2024 which comprise the Income and Expenditure Account, the Balance Sheet, the Reconciliation of Members' Funds and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 June 2024 and of its surplus for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF MOUNTANVILLE HOUSE OWNERS MANAGEMENT CLG pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF MOUNTANVILLE HOUSE OWNERS MANAGEMENT CLG pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is contained in the appendix to this report, located at page 8, which is to be read as an integral part of our report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed."

for and on behalf of

BRENDAN J. MCLOUGHLIN & CO. LIMITED

Chartered Certified Accountants and Statutory Auditor

2 Seapoint Avenue

Blackrock

Dublin

A94 VY68

Republic of Ireland

25 February 2026

We certify that the auditor's report on pages 5 - 7 made pursuant to section 356(1) of the Companies Act 2014 is a true copy of the original.

Paul Byrne
Secretary

25 February 2026

Julian Ritchie
Director

25 February 2026

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

APPENDIX TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our Auditor's Report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our Auditor's Report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2024

	Notes	2024 €	2023 €
Current Assets			
Debtors	7	9,811	32,539
Cash at bank and in hand		68,919	53,135
		<u>78,730</u>	<u>85,674</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	<u>(21,247)</u>	<u>(37,879)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>57,483</u>	<u>47,795</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u><u>57,483</u></u>	<u><u>47,795</u></u>
Reserves			
Capital reserves and funds	10	46,111	30,700
Income and expenditure account	10	11,372	17,095
Members' Funds		<u><u>57,483</u></u>	<u><u>47,795</u></u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Mountanville House Owners Management CLG, state that -

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 25 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Julian Ritchie
Director

Conor McGovern
Director

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' FUNDS

as at 30 June 2024

	Retained surplus €	Sinking Fund reserve €	Sinking Fund reserve (apt) €	Total €
At 1 July 2022	50,453	1,500	18,800	70,753
Deficit for the financial year	(22,958)	-	-	(22,958)
Other movements in Members' Funds	(10,400)	2,000	8,400	-
At 30 June 2023	17,095	3,500	27,200	47,795
Surplus for the financial year	9,688	-	-	9,688
Other movements in Members' Funds	(15,411)	7,001	8,410	-
At 30 June 2024	11,372	10,501	35,610	57,483

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

1. General Information

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 595895. The registered office of the company is Cushman & Wakefield, 2 Cumberland Place, Fenian Street, Dublin 2 which is also the principal place of business of the company. The company is a 'not for profit' entity and is responsible for the management, insurance and maintenance of the Knockrabo housing development located on Mount Anville Road, Dublin 14. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2024 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Income

Service charges and levies are accounted for on a receivable basis.

Deposit interest is accounted for on a receipts basis.

Expenses include VAT, where applicable, as the company cannot reclaim it.

Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like service charges receivable and accounts payable. Basic financial instruments are recorded at transaction price.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at transaction price and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand comprises cash at bank and demand deposits with banks.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at transaction price and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Taxation

Corporation tax is payable on deposit interest where the tax liability is greater than €32.

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

Sinking Fund Contributions

In accordance with Section 19 of the Multi - Unit Developments Act 2011, the company must establish a sinking fund to fund non-routine maintenance and other non-routine costs that may arise from time to time. The Sinking Fund is not guaranteed to cover all unexpected costs of a non-recurring nature. These funds are held in a separate designated bank account and are allocated to a special reserve titled "sinking fund reserve". The company has set up a separate designated bank account, and contributions have been made to same. Further transfers may be made to the sinking fund from liquid resources in each financial period.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounts estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. There are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustments to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

4. Going concern

The directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore adopts the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

5. Common areas and location

The common areas in the development have been transferred to the company.

6. Service Charges

There are 119 units in the development comprising 50 houses and 69 apartments. Estate service charges are payable by all 119 units, refuse service charges are payable by the 50 houses and apartments service charges are payable by the 69 apartments. These are charged to the units on the basis of the budget agreed by the Board of Directors, approved at AGM and charged to each unit under the terms of their title documents.

7. Debtors	2024 €	2023 €
Trade debtors	488	3,804
Prepayments	9,323	28,735
	<u>9,811</u>	<u>32,539</u>

Amounts falling due after more than one year and included in debtors are:

	2024 €	2023 €
Trade debtors	-	681
	<u>-</u>	<u>681</u>

8. Creditors	2024 €	2023 €
Amounts falling due within one year		
Payments received on account	9	-
Trade creditors	2,885	2,751
Accruals	18,353	35,128
	<u>21,247</u>	<u>37,879</u>

Mountanville House Owners Management CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2024

9. Status

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding €1.

10. Income Statement

	Income and expenditure account €	Sinking fund reserve €	Sinking Fund reserve (apt) €	Total €
At 1 July 2023	17,095	3,500	27,200	47,795
Surplus/(deficit) for the financial year	9,688		-	9,688
Other movements	(15,411)	7,001	8,410	-
At 30 June 2024	<u>11,372</u>	<u>10,501</u>	<u>35,610</u>	<u>57,483</u>

11. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2024.

12. Related party transactions

Director Paul Byrne is an employee of the managing agent, Cushman & Wakefield.

13. Controlling interest

The company is controlled by the members. The directors are appointed by the members of the company to run its affairs on their behalf. Each unit owner is a member of the company and each has one vote at all general meetings.

14. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

15. Sinking fund

The company has a sinking fund bank account as required by the Multi-Unit Developments Act 2011. The balance in the sinking fund bank account at financial year-end was €41,111 (30 June 2023 - €30,700).

The total sinking fund provision for the financial year was €10,400 (30 June 2023 - €10,400). An additional €5,000 was allocated to the estate sinking fund for the construction of a communal shed and is due for transfer to the sinking fund bank account.

16. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 25 February 2026.