

Company registration number: 554731

**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
Trading as Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)**

Financial statements

for the financial year ended 25 March 2025

**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)**

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**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
Company limited by guarantee**

Directors and other information

Directors	Charlotte May Resigned 27/03/2025 Diane Wright Resigned 27/03/2025 Bridie Molloy Appointed 27/03/2025 Catherine Mann Jack Callanan Uná Ní Threasaigh Resigned 27/03/2025
Secretary	Bridie Molloy
Company number	554731
Registered office	Unit 53 Briarhill Buisness Park Briarhill Galway
Business address	Unit 53 Briarhill Business Park Briarhill Galway
Auditor	Finan O'Beirn & Company Royal Court Business Park Liosbaun Tuam Road Galway
Bankers	AIB Bank PLC Tuam Road Galway

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Directors report

The directors present their annual report and the audited financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 25 March 2025.

Directors

The names of the persons who at any time during the financial year were directors of the company are as follows:

Charlotte May	Resigned 27/03/2025
Diane Wright	Resigned 27/03/2025
Bridie Molloy	Appointed 27/03/2025
David Joyce	Appointed 27/03/2025
Catherine Mann	
Jack Callanan	
Uná Ní Threasaigh	Resigned 27/03/2025

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is the service of a community employment scheme.

Assets and liabilities and financial position

As at the year end the company had assets of €53,410(2024:€53,878) and liabilities of €53,878 (2024:€61,685). The directors are satisfied with the level of reserves.

Principal risks and uncertainties

The company is dependent on funding from government agencies. In common with other companies in this sector, Government spending cuts are likely to negatively impact the level of services the company can provide.

Likely Future developments

The Directors do not expect to make any significant changes in the nature of the business in the near future.

Going Concern

The directors make specific reference to the uncertainties that they recognise as a specific result of the recruitment challenges for the scheme because of near full employment opportunities within the economy, We are further aware that the Department of Social Protection are reviewing the viability of the scheme going forward and have indicated that a situation may arise where the Department of Social Protection are no longer in a position to support the scheme.

Dividends

During the financial year the directors have not paid any dividends or recommended payment of a final dividend.

Events after the end of the reporting period

There were no events after the end of the reporting period.

Research and development

The company did not engage in any research and development.

**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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Directors report (continued)

Accounting records

The measures taken by the directors to secure compliance with the requirements of sections 281 to 285 of the Companies Act 2014 with regard to the keeping of accounting records are the implementation of necessary policies and procedures for recording transactions, the employment of competent accounting personnel with appropriate expertise and the provision of adequate resources to the financial function. The accounting records of the company are located at Unit 53 Briarhill Business Park, Briarhill, Galway.

Relevant audit information

In the case of each of the persons who are directors at the time this report is approved in accordance with section 332 of Companies Act 2014:

- so far as each director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's statutory auditors are unaware, and
- each director has taken all the steps that he or she ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself or herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's statutory auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 383(2) of the Companies Act 2014, Finan O'Beirn & Company have indicated their willingness to continue in office.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 4 February 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Jack Callanan
Director

Bridie Molloy
Director

**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)**

Directors responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG**

Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG (the 'company') for the financial year ended 25 March 2025 which comprise the profit and loss account, statement of income and retained earnings, balance sheet, statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland.

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 25 March 2025 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Material Uncertainty Related to Going Concern

We draw your attention to Note 3 to the financial statements in relation to going concern of the company. These events or conditions indicate that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG (continued)**

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion, the information given in the directors' report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion, the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditor's report to the members of
Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG (continued)**

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Gerard B.Finan,B.Comm., F.C.A (Senior Statutory Auditor)

For and on behalf of
Finan O'Beirn & Company
Registered Auditors
Royal Court Business Park
Liosbaun
Tuam Road
Galway

4 February 2026

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Profit and loss account
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

	Note	2025 €	2024 €
Turnover	5	213,119	298,594
Gross profit		<u>213,119</u>	<u>298,594</u>
Administrative expenses		(213,119)	(298,594)
Operating profit	6	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax on profit		-	-
Profit for the financial year		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

All the activities of the company are from continuing operations.

The company has no other recognised items of income and expenses other than the results for the financial year as set out above.

The notes on pages 12 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Statement of income and retained earnings
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit for the financial year	-	-
Retained earnings at the start of the financial year	(468)	(468)
Retained earnings at the end of the financial year	<u>(468)</u>	<u>(468)</u>

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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Balance sheet
As at 25 March 2025

		2025		2024	
	Note	€	€	€	€
Current assets					
Debtors	9	32,006		18,852	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,404		42,365	
		<u>53,410</u>		<u>61,217</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	10	<u>(53,878)</u>		<u>(61,685)</u>	
Net current liabilities			<u>(468)</u>		<u>(468)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>(468)</u>		<u>(468)</u>
Net liabilities			<u><u>(468)</u></u>		<u><u>(468)</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Profit and loss account	12		<u>(468)</u>		<u>(468)</u>
Members deficit			<u><u>(468)</u></u>		<u><u>(468)</u></u>

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 4 February 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Jack Callanan
Director

Bridie Molloy
Director

The notes on pages 12 to 16 form part of these financial statements.

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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Statement of cash flows
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit for the financial year	-	-
<i>Adjustments for:</i>		
Accrued expenses/(income)	(5,774)	1,148
<i>Changes in:</i>		
Trade and other debtors	(7,380)	18,751
Trade and other creditors	(7,807)	(32,403)
Cash generated from operations	<u>(20,961)</u>	<u>(12,504)</u>
Net cash used in operating activities	<u>(20,961)</u>	<u>(12,504)</u>
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(20,961)	(12,504)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year	<u>42,365</u>	<u>54,869</u>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of financial year	<u><u>21,404</u></u>	<u><u>42,365</u></u>

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by guarantee, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is Unit 53 Briarhill Buisness Park, Briarhill, Galway.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The directors make specific reference to the uncertainties that they recognise as a specific result of the recruitment challenges for the scheme because of near full employment opportunities within the economy, We are further aware that the Department of Social Protection are reviewing the viability of the scheme going forward and have indicated that a situation may arise where the Department of Social Protection are no longer in a position to support the scheme.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Limited by guarantee

The company is one limited by guarantee not having a share capital. The liability of each member, in the event of the company being wound up is €1.00

5. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company which is wholly undertaken in Ireland.

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

6. Operating profit

Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):

	2025	2024
	€	€
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	2,788	2,788
	<u>2,788</u>	<u>2,788</u>

7. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors, was as follows:

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Participants	9	14
Supervisor	1	1
	<u>10</u>	<u>15</u>

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	185,563	253,551
Social insurance costs	4,699	4,144
	<u>190,262</u>	<u>257,695</u>

8. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(468)	(468)
At the end of the financial year	<u>(468)</u>	<u>(468)</u>

9. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	14,978	7,833
Other debtors	-	357
Prepayments	7,760	7,168
Accrued income	9,268	3,494
	<u>32,006</u>	<u>18,852</u>

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
(A Company Limited by Guarantee and not having Share Capital)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

10. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	81	81
Other creditors	49,510	60,104
Tax and social insurance: PAYE and social welfare	2,787	-
Accruals	1,500	1,500
	53,878	61,685

11. Financial instruments

The carrying amount for each category of financial instruments is as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost		
Trade debtors	14,978	7,833
Other debtors	17,028	11,020
Cash at bank and in hand	21,404	42,365
	53,410	61,218
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost		
Bank and other loans	22,704	22,702
Trade creditors	81	81
Other creditors	31,093	38,902
	53,878	61,685

12. Reserves

The reserve account represents profit or loss in the period.

13. Analysis of changes in net debt

	At 26 March 2024	Cash flows	At 25 March 2025
	€	€	€
Cash and cash equivalents	42,365	(20,961)	21,404

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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Notes to the financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 25 March 2025

14. Related party transactions

During the financial year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transaction value		Balance owed by/(owed to)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	€	€	€	€
Advances received from connected company	(2)	(21,660)	(22,704)	22,702
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme Limited received an loan from Galway Centre for Independent Living Limited a connected company which has a number of common directors. An amount of €2.36 was expensed during the year and the balance owed to the Galway Centre for Independent living Limited at the year end was €22,703.87 (2024: €22,701.51).

15. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these financial statements for issue on 4 February 2026.

**Galway Centre for Independent Living Ce Scheme CLG
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The following pages do not form part of the statutory accounts.