

Company registration number: 743004

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 31st May 2025

(As modified by Sections 352 & 353 of the Companies Act 2014)

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Directors and other information

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| Director | Seamus McCarthy |
| Secretary | Nora McCarthy |
| Company number | 743004 |
| Registered office | Dromgarriff, Ballinascarthy, Clonakilty, Co. Cork. |
| Business address | Dromgarriff, Ballinascarthy, Clonakilty, Co. Cork. |
| Accountants | C.M. Calnan & Co., Certified Public Accountants, 27 Forest Ridge Crescent, Wilton, Cork. |
| Bankers | Allied Irish Banks Plc., 36 Pearse Street, Clonakilty, Co. Cork. |

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Director's responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

The directors are required to prepare financial statements for each financial year under the law. The directors are also required to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC). The financial statements are required to be prepared in accordance with the UK and Revised Accounting Standards (UKRS) and to be prepared in accordance with the UKRS. The directors are also required to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the UKRS and to be prepared in accordance with the UKRS.

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The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC). The directors are also responsible for ensuring that the company keeps accounts in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).

Director's Declaration on the Abridged Financial Statements

In relation to the financial statements set out on pages 3 to 8:

- The director approves these financial statements and confirms that he is responsible for their preparation and content, and that he has taken all reasonable steps to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).
- The director has taken all reasonable steps to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).
- The director has taken all reasonable steps to ensure that the financial statements are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Manual (FRM) issued by the Financial Reporting Council (FRC).

On behalf of the board

Seamus McElhinney

Director

5 February 2016

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Director's responsibilities statement

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland). Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable him to ensure that the financial statements and director's report comply with the Companies Act 2014. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Director's Declaration on Unaudited Financial Statements

In relation to the financial statements as set out on pages 2 to 8:

- The director approves these financial statements and confirms that he is responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.
- The director has made available to C.M. Calnan & Co., Certified Public Accountants, the company's accounting records and provided all the information and explanations necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.
- The director confirms that to the best of his knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31st May 2025.

On behalf of the board

Seamus McCarthy
Director

5 February 2026

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Balance sheet As at 31st May 2025

| | | 2025 | | 2024 | |
|---|---|---------|--------|---------|--------|
| Note | € | € | € | € | € |
| Fixed assets | | | | | |
| Tangible assets | 7 | 16,534 | | 966 | |
| | | | 16,534 | | 966 |
| Current assets | | | | | |
| Debtors | 8 | 602 | | 614 | |
| Cash at bank and in hand | | 12,117 | | 16,913 | |
| | | 12,719 | | 17,527 | |
| Creditors: amounts falling due within one year | 9 | (7,218) | | (7,113) | |
| Net current assets | | | 5,501 | | 10,414 |
| Total assets less current liabilities | | | 22,035 | | 11,380 |
| Net assets | | | 22,035 | | 11,380 |
| Capital and reserves | | | | | |
| Called up share capital presented as equity | | 100 | | 100 | |
| Profit and loss account | | 21,935 | | 11,280 | |
| Shareholder funds | | | 22,035 | | 11,380 |

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

I, as director of Seamrog Engineering Ltd state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholder of the company has not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 5th February 2026 and signed by:

Seamus McCarthy
Director

The notes on pages 3 to 8 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 31st May 2025

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland and is primarily engaged in engineering activities and related technical consultancy. The address of the registered office is Dromgarraff, Ballinascarthy, Clonakilty, Co. Cork., and its company registration number is 743004.

2. Accounting policies

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company and applied consistently are as follows:

Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Currency

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the company's financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in euro, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and is denoted by the symbol (€).

Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that the company obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Turnover comprises the fair value of consideration received and receivable exclusive of value added tax and after discounts and rebates.

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Turnover from the provision of services is recognised in the accounting period in which the services are rendered and the outcome of the contract can be estimated reliably. The company uses the percentage of completion method based on the actual service performed as a percentage of the total services to be provided.

Taxation

Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current tax is calculated on the profits for the financial year. Current tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)

Financial year ended 31st May 2025

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at historical cost or deemed cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes prime cost, overheads and interest incurred in financing the construction of tangible fixed assets. Capitalisation of interest ceases when the asset is brought into use.

Any tangible fixed assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

| | |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|
| Fittings fixtures and equipment | - 12.50% straight line |
| Motor vehicles | - 12.50% straight line |

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors including amounts owed from group companies are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently, these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of the provision required are recognised in the profit and loss account.

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st May 2025

Cash at bank and on hand

Cash at bank and on hand include cash on hand, demand deposits and other term highly liquid investments regardless of maturity. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the balance sheet.

Creditors and accruals

Creditors and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

As permitted by the amendment made to FRS 102 Section 11 for small entities by the FRC on 8 May 2017, amounts due from directors and shareholders of the entity are stated initially at the transaction price and subsequently at transaction price less repayments. The amortised cost model is not used.

Employee Benefits

The company provides a range of benefits for employees including paid holiday arrangements and defined contribution pension plans.

(i) Short term benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

(ii) Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

Cash flow statement exemption

The company has availed of the exemption contained in Section 1A of FRS 102 and, as a result, has elected not to prepare a cash flow statement.

3. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the director was 1 (2024: 1).

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st May 2025

4. Director's remuneration

The director's aggregate remuneration was as follows:

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|---|--------|--------|
| | € | € |
| Emoluments in respect of qualifying services | 51,583 | 37,500 |
| Pension contributions to defined contribution plans in respect of qualifying services | 3,915 | 12,000 |
| | 55,498 | 49,500 |

5. Director's transactions

During the financial year, the company entered into the following arrangements relating to loans, quasi-loans and credit transactions:

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|-------|------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | 961 | - |
| Net movement during the financial year | (559) | 961 |
| At the end of the financial year | 402 | 961 |

Disclosure for each director or other person is as follows:

Seamus McCarthy

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|--|-------|------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | 961 | - |
| Net movement during the financial year | (559) | 961 |
| At the end of the financial year | 402 | 961 |

The loan is unsecured, interest free and is repayable on demand.

6. Appropriations of profit and loss account

| | 2025 | 2024 |
|------------------------------------|--------|--------|
| | € | € |
| At the start of the financial year | 11,280 | - |
| Profit for the financial year | 10,655 | 11,280 |
| At the end of the financial year | 21,935 | 11,280 |

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st May 2025

7. Tangible fixed assets

| | Fixtures, fittings and equipment € | Motor vehicles € | Total € |
|-------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------|
| Cost | | | |
| At 1st June 2024 | 1,104 | - | 1,104 |
| Additions | - | 17,950 | 17,950 |
| At 31st May 2025 | <u>1,104</u> | <u>17,950</u> | <u>19,054</u> |
| Depreciation | | | |
| At 1st June 2024 | 138 | - | 138 |
| Charge for the financial year | 138 | 2,244 | 2,382 |
| At 31st May 2025 | <u>276</u> | <u>2,244</u> | <u>2,520</u> |
| Carrying amount | | | |
| At 31st May 2025 | <u>828</u> | <u>15,706</u> | <u>16,534</u> |
| At 31st May 2024 | <u>966</u> | <u>-</u> | <u>966</u> |

There were no assets held under finance lease included in the tangible fixed assets.

8. Debtors

| | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|
| Corporation tax repayable | 89 | - |
| Prepayments | 513 | 614 |
| | <u>602</u> | <u>614</u> |

9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

| | 2025 € | 2024 € |
|--|--------------|--------------|
| Trade creditors | 74 | - |
| Other creditors including tax and social insurance | 3,644 | 4,613 |
| Director's accounts (Notes 5 & 12) | 402 | 961 |
| Accruals | 3,500 | 2,500 |
| | <u>7,218</u> | <u>7,113</u> |

10. Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at the financial year end.

Seamrog Engineering Ltd

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 31st May 2025

11. Events after the end of the reporting period

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year end.

12. Related party transactions

During the financial year, the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

| | Transaction value | | Balance owed by/(owed to) | |
|---|-------------------|------|---------------------------|------|
| | 2025 | 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| | € | € | € | € |
| Director's loan owed to Seamus McCarthy | - | - | 402 | 961 |

13. Accounting periods

The current accounts are for a full financial year. The comparative accounts are for a full financial year.

14. Approval of financial statements

The director approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 5th February 2026.