

Company Number: 630426

**Mach-Kon Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

**Mach-Kon Limited**  
**CONTENTS**

	<b>Page</b>
Director's Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4
Reconciliation of Shareholders' Funds	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 9

# **Mach-Kon Limited**

## **DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Signed on behalf of the board**

**Michelle Ni Scolaigh**  
**Director**

**20 March 2026**

# Mach-Kon Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	7	<u>48,476</u>	<u>23,835</u>
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	8	45,000	58,500
Debtors	9	122,096	3,639
Cash and cash equivalents		<u>366,119</u>	<u>225,945</u>
		<u>533,215</u>	<u>288,084</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	10	<u>(72,268)</u>	<u>(49,551)</u>
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		<u>460,947</u>	<u>238,533</u>
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		<u>509,423</u>	<u>262,368</u>
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		<u>509,323</u>	<u>262,268</u>
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		<u>509,423</u>	<u>262,368</u>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

I as Director of Mach-Kon Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 20 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**Michelle Ni Scolaigh**  
Director

**Mach-Kon Limited**  
**RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 30 June 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 July 2023</b>	100	353,526	353,626
Loss for the financial year	-	(91,258)	(91,258)
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>	100	262,268	262,368
Profit for the financial year	-	247,055	247,055
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>509,323</b>	<b>509,423</b>

# Mach-Kon Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### 1. General Information

Mach-Kon Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 630426. The registered office of the company is C/o rgr partners, Cahercourt, Loughrea, Co. Galway, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of equipment. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be reliably estimated, revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period.

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that it is probable the expenses recognised will be recovered.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	12.5% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.5% straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

# Mach-Kon Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Employee benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

### Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

## 3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the opinion of the directors, there are no critical accounting judgements made in the application of these accounting policies that have a significant effect on the financial statements or estimates with a significant risk of material adjustment in the next year.

## 4. Going concern

After reviewing the company's forecasts, plans and financial projections, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. The company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

<b>5. Operating profit/(loss)</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating profit/(loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	<b>7,407</b>	3,977
(Profit) on disposal of tangible assets	<b>(3,151)</b>	-
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

## 6. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial year was 2, (2024 - 0)

**Mach-Kon Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**7. Tangible assets**

	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€
<b>Cost</b>				
At 1 July 2024	2,100	11,250	18,465	31,815
Additions	-	875	45,022	45,897
Disposals	-	-	(18,465)	(18,465)
At 30 June 2025	<u>2,100</u>	<u>12,125</u>	<u>45,022</u>	<u>59,247</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 July 2024	1,052	2,312	4,616	7,980
Charge for the financial year	263	1,516	5,628	7,407
On disposals	-	-	(4,616)	(4,616)
At 30 June 2025	<u>1,315</u>	<u>3,828</u>	<u>5,628</u>	<u>10,771</u>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 June 2025	<u><b>785</b></u>	<u><b>8,297</b></u>	<u><b>39,394</b></u>	<u><b>48,476</b></u>
At 30 June 2024	<u>1,048</u>	<u>8,938</u>	<u>13,849</u>	<u>23,835</u>

**8. Stocks**

	2025 €	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u><b>45,000</b></u>	<u>58,500</u>

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**9. Debtors**

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade debtors	<b>95,325</b>	-
Taxation	<b>26,771</b>	3,639
	<u><b>122,096</b></u>	<u>3,639</u>

**10. Creditors**  
**Amounts falling due within one year**

	2025 €	2024 €
Trade creditors	<b>35,750</b>	35,035
Amounts owed to connected parties (Note 13)	<b>19,613</b>	14,516
Taxation	<b>16,905</b>	-
	<u><b>72,268</b></u>	<u>49,551</u>

**11. Income Statement**

	2025 €	2024 €
At 1 July 2024	<b>262,268</b>	353,526
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	<b>247,055</b>	(91,258)
At 30 June 2025	<u><b>509,323</b></u>	<u>262,268</u>

**Mach-Kon Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**12. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2025.

**13. Related party transactions**

The following amounts are due to other connected parties:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Andrew Carney	<b>13,588</b>	11,039
Martin Rooney	<b>6,025</b>	3,477
	<u><b>19,613</b></u>	<u>14,516</u>

Martin Rooney and Andrew Carney are shareholders of the company, each holding 50% of the company's issued share capital.

**14. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**15. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 20 March 2026.