

Company Number: 272466

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

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Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

David Sexton
Director

22 January 2026

Susan Sexton
Director

22 January 2026

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd**BALANCE SHEET**

as at 30 April 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	6	1,978	3,958
Tangible assets	7	2,504,783	1,675,595
Fixed Assets		2,506,761	1,679,553
Current Assets			
Stocks	8	764,218	613,394
Debtors	9	1,089,440	885,676
Cash and cash equivalents		325,373	865,153
		2,179,031	2,364,223
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	10	(1,431,017)	(1,333,480)
Net Current Assets		748,014	1,030,743
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		3,254,775	2,710,296
Creditors:			
amounts falling due after more than one year	11	(190,260)	(24,534)
Net Assets		3,064,515	2,685,762
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		3	3
Retained earnings		3,064,512	2,685,759
Equity attributable to owners of the company		3,064,515	2,685,762

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 April 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 22 January 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

David Sexton
Director

Susan Sexton
Director

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd
RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 April 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 May 2023	3	2,386,284	2,386,287
Profit for the financial year	-	299,475	299,475
At 30 April 2024	3	2,685,759	2,685,762
Profit for the financial year	-	378,753	378,753
At 30 April 2025	3	3,064,512	3,064,515

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

1. General Information

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland. 2 Rathmuck, Kildare, Co. Kildare, Ireland is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. . The principal activity of the company is the distribution and retail of frozen foods to the hospitality and retail sectors. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 April 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets including other intangible fixed assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Balance Sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 0 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	0% Straight line
Plant and machinery	-	15% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	15% Straight Line
Motor vehicles	-	20% Straight Line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Leasing and hire purchases

Tangible assets held under leasing and Hire Purchases arrangements which transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the company are capitalised and included in the Balance Sheet at their cost or valuation, less depreciation. The corresponding commitments are recorded as liabilities. Payments in respect of these obligations are treated as consisting of capital and interest elements, with interest charged to the Profit and Loss Account.

Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account as incurred over the period of the rental agreement.

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):		
Amortisation of intangible assets	1,980	1,980
Depreciation of tangible assets	104,957	63,143
Government grants received	(5,000)	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

4. Interest payable and similar expenses		2025	2024		
		€	€		
Interest		4,133	4,480		
		<u><u>4,133</u></u>	<u><u>4,480</u></u>		
5. Employees					
The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 29, (2024 - 29).					
		2025	2024		
		Number	Number		
Administration		5	5		
Distribution		24	24		
		<u><u>29</u></u>	<u><u>29</u></u>		
6. Intangible assets					
		Goodwill	Total		
		€	€		
Cost					
At 1 May 2024		19,798	19,798		
		<u>19,798</u>	<u>19,798</u>		
At 30 April 2025		19,798	19,798		
		<u>19,798</u>	<u>19,798</u>		
Provision for diminution in value					
At 1 May 2024		15,840	15,840		
Charge for financial year		1,980	1,980		
		<u>17,820</u>	<u>17,820</u>		
At 30 April 2025		17,820	17,820		
		<u>17,820</u>	<u>17,820</u>		
Net book value					
At 30 April 2025		1,978	1,978		
		<u><u>1,978</u></u>	<u><u>1,978</u></u>		
At 30 April 2024		3,958	3,958		
		<u><u>3,958</u></u>	<u><u>3,958</u></u>		
7. Tangible assets					
	Land and buildings freehold	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1 May 2024	1,442,502	-	1,391,833	288,337	3,122,672
Additions	617,415	301,780	14,950	-	934,145
	<u>2,059,917</u>	<u>301,780</u>	<u>1,406,783</u>	<u>288,337</u>	<u>4,056,817</u>
At 30 April 2025	2,059,917	301,780	1,406,783	288,337	4,056,817
	<u>2,059,917</u>	<u>301,780</u>	<u>1,406,783</u>	<u>288,337</u>	<u>4,056,817</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 May 2024	-	-	1,161,140	285,937	1,447,077
Charge for the financial year	-	45,267	58,490	1,200	104,957
	<u>-</u>	<u>45,267</u>	<u>1,219,630</u>	<u>287,137</u>	<u>1,552,034</u>
At 30 April 2025	-	45,267	1,219,630	287,137	1,552,034
	<u>-</u>	<u>45,267</u>	<u>1,219,630</u>	<u>287,137</u>	<u>1,552,034</u>
Net book value					
At 30 April 2025	2,059,917	256,513	187,153	1,200	2,504,783
	<u><u>2,059,917</u></u>	<u><u>256,513</u></u>	<u><u>187,153</u></u>	<u><u>1,200</u></u>	<u><u>2,504,783</u></u>
At 30 April 2024	1,442,502	-	230,693	2,400	1,675,595
	<u><u>1,442,502</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>230,693</u></u>	<u><u>2,400</u></u>	<u><u>1,675,595</u></u>

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

8. Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	764,218	613,394
	<u><u>764,218</u></u>	<u><u>613,394</u></u>
The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.		
9. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	1,043,067	875,027
Taxation	37,706	2,941
Prepayments	8,667	7,708
	<u><u>1,089,440</u></u>	<u><u>885,676</u></u>
10. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Amounts owed to credit institutions	70,283	-
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts	34,526	48,617
Trade creditors	1,270,411	1,225,537
Taxation	29,415	19,268
Directors' current accounts (Note 15)	2,329	2,241
Other creditors	6,334	4,281
Accruals	17,719	33,536
	<u><u>1,431,017</u></u>	<u><u>1,333,480</u></u>
11. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due after more than one year	€	€
Bank loan	151,042	-
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	39,218	24,534
	<u><u>190,260</u></u>	<u><u>24,534</u></u>
Loans		
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand	70,283	-
Repayable between one and two years	75,000	-
Repayable between two and five years	76,042	-
	<u><u>221,325</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>
Net obligations under finance leases and hire purchase contracts		
Repayable within one year	40,520	51,329
Repayable between one and five years	39,218	24,534
	<u><u>79,738</u></u>	<u><u>75,863</u></u>
Finance charges and interest allocated to future accounting periods	(5,994)	(2,712)
	<u><u>73,744</u></u>	<u><u>73,151</u></u>

Kildare Country Turkeys Ltd
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

12. Income Statement

	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 May 2024	2,685,759	2,386,284
Profit for the financial year	378,753	299,475
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 April 2025	3,064,512	2,685,759
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

13. Financial commitments

The company does not have any operating lease commitments

14. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 April 2025.

15. Directors' remuneration and transactions

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	110,000	110,000
Pension contributions	192	192
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	110,192	110,192
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
David Sexton	2,329	2,241
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

16. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

17. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 22 January 2026.