

**Company registration number: 619668**

**DCB Builders Limited**

**Unaudited abridged financial statements**

**for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

# DCB Builders Limited

## Contents

	<b>Page</b>
Director's responsibilities statement	<b>1</b>
Balance sheet	<b>2 - 3</b>
Notes to the abridged financial statements	<b>4 - 8</b>

## DCB Builders Limited

### Director's responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Director's Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The director is responsible for preparing the director's report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless he is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable him to ensure that the financial statements and director's report comply with the Companies Act 2014. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.



Mr. Donald Cribbin  
Director

19/03/2026

**DCB Builders Limited**

**Balance sheet  
As at 30 April 2025**

	Note	2025		2024	
		€	€	€	€
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Tangible assets	6	1,342		2,419	
			1,342		2,419
<b>Current assets</b>					
Stocks	7	27,000		20,500	
Debtors	8	9,115		55,472	
Cash at bank and in hand		45,755		19,278	
		<u>81,870</u>		<u>95,250</u>	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>(110,196)</b>		<b>(141,905)</b>	
<b>Net current liabilities</b>			<u>(28,326)</u>		<u>(46,655)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			<u>(26,984)</u>		<u>(44,236)</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>			<u>(26,984)</u>		<u>(44,236)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			100		100
Profit and loss account			<u>(27,084)</u>		<u>(44,336)</u>
<b>Shareholder deficit</b>			<u>(26,984)</u>		<u>(44,236)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

**The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

**DCB Builders Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)  
As at 30 April 2025**

I, as director of DCB Builders Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholder of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the director of the company on 19 March 2026 and signed by:



Mr Donald Cribbin  
Director

**The notes on pages 4 to 8 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

## DCB Builders Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is DCB Builders Ltd, 17 Caragh Green,, Caragh Road, Naas, Co Kildare, W91 C90F.

#### 2. Accounting policies and measurement bases

##### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## DCB Builders Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment	12.5%	straight line
Motor vehicles	20%	straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors including amounts owed to group companies are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of provision required are recognised in the profit and loss.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

#### Creditors and accruals

Creditors and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

## DCB Builders Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

#### 3. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 4 (2024: 7).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	124,569	124,638

#### 4. Directors remuneration

The director's aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	34,124	28,564

#### 5. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(38,928)	(6,265)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	17,252	(5,408)
Other movements	(5,408)	(32,663)
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<b>(27,084)</b>	<b>(44,336)</b>

**DCB Builders Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
Financial year ended 30 April 2025**

<b>6. Tangible assets</b>	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Motor vehicles €	<b>Total</b> €
<b>Cost</b>			
<b>At 1 May 2024 and 30 April 2025</b>	8,529	15,167	23,696
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 May 2024	6,121	15,156	21,277
Charge for the financial year	1,066	11	1,077
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	7,187	15,167	22,354
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
<b>At 30 April 2025</b>	1,342	-	1,342
At 30 April 2024	2,408	11	2,419
<b>7. Stocks</b>		<b>2025</b> €	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale		27,000	20,500
<b>8. Debtors</b>		<b>2025</b> €	2024 €
Trade debtors		8,588	55,472
Other debtors		527	-
		9,115	55,472
<b>9. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>		<b>2025</b> €	2024 €
Trade creditors		18,534	25,801
Other creditors		77,092	95,329
PAYE and RCT		2,964	6,868
VAT		11,182	7,181
Accruals		424	6,726
		110,196	141,905

## DCB Builders Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30 April 2025

#### 10. Directors transactions

During the financial year the company entered into the following arrangements relating to loans, quasi-loans and credit transactions:

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(81,139)	(56,514)
Advances made during the financial year	15,458	15,801
Amounts repaid during the financial year	(1,667)	(40,427)
At the end of the financial year	<u>(67,348)</u>	<u>(81,140)</u>

Disclosure for each director or other person is as follows:

#### Donald Cribbin

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	(81,139)	(56,514)
Advances made during the financial year	15,458	15,801
Amounts repaid during the financial year	(1,667)	(40,427)
At the end of the financial year	<u>(67,348)</u>	<u>(81,140)</u>

#### 11. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 19 March 2026.