

Company registration number: 162509

Farnham Transport Limited
Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025

Farnham Transport Limited

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Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Mrs Bernadette Fitzpatrick

Director

Mr Ivan Fitzpatrick

Director

23rd January 2026

Farnham Transport Limited

Balance sheet As at 30th April 2025

		2025		2024	
	Note	€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	9	1,311,484		1,327,756	
Financial assets	10	198,376		218,755	
			1,509,860		1,546,511
Current assets					
Debtors	11	349,934		349,022	
Cash at bank and in hand		64,505		79,519	
		414,439		428,541	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year					
	12	(623,812)		(798,274)	
Net current liabilities					
			(209,373)		(369,733)
Total assets less current liabilities					
			1,300,487		1,176,778
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year					
	13		(128,423)		(190,311)
Provisions for liabilities					
	15		(4,145)		(4,164)
Net assets					
			1,167,919		982,303
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			125		125
Profit and loss account	16		1,167,794		982,178
Shareholders funds					
			1,167,919		982,303

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Farnham Transport Limited

**Balance sheet (continued)
As at 30th April 2025**

We, as directors of Farnham Transport Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 23rd January 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Mrs Bernadette Fitzpatrick
Director

Mr Ivan Fitzpatrick
Director

The notes on pages 4 to 11 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Farnham Transport Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30th April 2025

1. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the directors are required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

There are no estimates and assumptions which have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amount of assets and liabilities in the financial statements.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

Farnham Transport Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30th April 2025

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, deposits held with banks, other short term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold property	- 0%
Plant and machinery	- 12.5% straight line
Fittings fixtures and equipment	- 12.5% straight line
Motor vehicles	- 12.5% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30th April 2025

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's statement of financial position when the company becomes party to contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets are classified into specific categories. The classification depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of recognition.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Other financial assets classified as fair value through surplus or deficit are measured at fair value.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publically traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30th April 2025

Defined contribution plans

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including annual bonus arrangements, paid holiday arrangements and defined contribution pension plans.

Short term benefits

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

Defined contribution pension plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

2. Turnover

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the company which is wholly undertaken in Ireland.

3. Other operating income

	2025	2024
	€	€
Rental income	2,300	-

4. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 15 (2024: 15).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	413,047	430,726
Social insurance costs	42,071	44,095
Other retirement benefit costs	4,000	-
	<u>459,118</u>	<u>474,821</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30th April 2025

5. Directors remuneration

The directors aggregate remuneration was as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Emoluments in respect of qualifying services	6,380	10,452
	<u>6,380</u>	<u>10,452</u>

6. Income from other financial assets

	2025	2024
	€	€
Dividends	150	168
Gain on disposal of financial assets	23,536	-
	<u>23,686</u>	<u>168</u>

7. Interest payable and similar expenses

	2025	2024
	€	€
Insurance finance from credit institutions	301	-
Other loans made to the company:		
Finance leases and hire purchase contracts	15,402	14,338
	<u>15,703</u>	<u>14,338</u>

8. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	982,178	939,336
Profit for the financial year	185,616	42,842
At the end of the financial year	<u>1,167,794</u>	<u>982,178</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30th April 2025

9. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1st May 2024	174,401	714,090	38,961	2,432,755	3,360,207
Additions	18,702	76,744	50,608	189,793	335,847
Disposals	-	(75,474)	-	(539,495)	(614,969)
At 30th April 2025	<u>193,103</u>	<u>715,360</u>	<u>89,569</u>	<u>2,083,053</u>	<u>3,081,085</u>
Depreciation					
At 1st May 2024	-	424,360	8,552	1,599,539	2,032,451
Charge for the financial year	-	69,744	10,859	166,851	247,454
Disposals	-	(15,501)	-	(494,803)	(510,304)
At 30th April 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>478,603</u>	<u>19,411</u>	<u>1,271,587</u>	<u>1,769,601</u>
Carrying amount					
At 30th April 2025	<u>193,103</u>	<u>236,757</u>	<u>70,158</u>	<u>811,466</u>	<u>1,311,484</u>
At 30th April 2024	<u>174,401</u>	<u>289,730</u>	<u>30,409</u>	<u>833,216</u>	<u>1,327,756</u>

The net carrying value of tangible assets includes the following in respect of assets held under finance leases €801,462 (2024: €842,191).

The current depreciation charge in respect of such assets amounted to €182,229 for year ended 30 April 2025.

10. Financial assets

	Other investments other than loans	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1st May 2024	218,755	218,755
Additions	160,207	160,207
Disposals	(180,586)	(180,586)
At 30th April 2025	<u>198,376</u>	<u>198,376</u>
Provision for diminution in value		
At 1st May 2024 and 30th April 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 30th April 2025	<u>198,376</u>	<u>198,376</u>
At 30th April 2024	<u>218,755</u>	<u>218,755</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30th April 2025

11. Debtors

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	323,047	298,869
Other debtors	19,170	40,153
Prepayments	7,717	10,000
	<u>349,934</u>	<u>349,022</u>

12. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	154,964	302,347
Obligations under finance leases	182,144	206,909
Other creditors	234,216	234,315
Tax and social insurance:		
PAYE and social welfare	7,082	17,259
Corporation tax	10,166	-
VAT	24,757	30,544
Accruals	10,483	6,900
	<u>623,812</u>	<u>798,274</u>

13. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Obligations under finance leases	<u>128,423</u>	<u>190,311</u>

14. Obligations under finance leases

The total future minimum lease payments under finance lease agreements are as follows:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Within 1 year	182,144	206,909
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	128,423	190,311
	<u>310,567</u>	<u>397,220</u>

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30th April 2025

15. Provisions

	2025	2024
	€	€
Deferred tax	<u>4,145</u>	<u>4,164</u>

16. Reserves

Reserves comprises of equity share capital and retained earnings.

17. Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at year ended 30 April 2025.

18. Events after the end of the reporting period

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

19. Related party transactions

During the financial year the company entered into the following transactions with related parties:

	Transaction value		Balance owed by/(owed to)	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
	€	€	€	€
Ivan Fitzpatrick & Sons Ltd	<u>1,300</u>	<u>225,000</u>	<u>226,300</u>	<u>225,000</u>

A trading loan was received from Ivan Fitzpatrick & Sons Limited, a related party with common ownership. €20,000 was repaid immediately after year end and the balance on this loan is being repaid over 5 years at a rate of €850 per week.

20. Controlling party

Mr Ivan Fitzpatrick and Mrs Bernadette Fitzpatrick are the ultimate controlling parties.

21. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 23 January 2026.