

Company Number: 420668

Jemstar Consulting Ltd
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Jemstar Consulting Ltd
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Jemstar Consulting Ltd

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

James Halligan
Director

19 February 2026

John Halligan
Director

19 February 2026

Jemstar Consulting Ltd
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS REPORT
to the Board of Directors on the Compilation of the unaudited Abridged financial statements of Jemstar Consulting Ltd for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

In accordance with the engagement letter dated 3 December 2025 and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2014, we have compiled for your approval the abridged financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 as set out on pages 5 to 9 which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the company's accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants Ireland, we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at <https://www.charteredaccountants.ie/Professional-Standards/Home>

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Jemstar Consulting Ltd, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the company's Board of Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with guidance issued by Chartered Accountants Ireland and have complied with the relevant ethical guidance laid down by Chartered Accountants Ireland relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the Balance Sheet for the year ended 30 June 2025 your duty to ensure that Jemstar Consulting Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and loss of Jemstar Consulting Ltd. You consider that Jemstar Consulting Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the abridged financial statements of Jemstar Consulting Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the adequacy, accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory abridged financial statements.

O'BOYLE & CO.
Chartered Accountants
Church Street
Longford

19 February 2026

Jemstar Consulting Ltd

BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	6	4,089	3,246
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		11,919	25,539
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(32,842)	(30,929)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Current Liabilities		(20,923)	(5,390)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		(16,834)	(2,144)
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		2	2
Retained earnings		(16,836)	(2,146)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		(16,834)	(2,144)
		<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Jemstar Consulting Ltd, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 19 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

James Halligan
Director

John Halligan
Director

Jemstar Consulting Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

1. General Information

Jemstar Consulting Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland.. 17 Knocknashee, Goatstown, Dublin 14 is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. . The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are the provision of IT services. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention modified to include certain items at fair value. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Turnover

Turnover is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured as the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

The following criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised.

Rendering of Services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised in the period in which the services are provided in accordance with the stage of completion of the contract when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
2. it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the contract; and
3. the costs incurred and the costs to complete the contract can be measured reliably

Sale of Goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all of the following conditions are satisfied:

1. the company has transferred the significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyer;
2. the company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
3. the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
4. it is probable that the company will receive the consideration due under the transaction; and
5. the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Administrative expenses

All administrative expenses are recognised in the Profit and Loss Account on the accruals basis.

Employee benefits

Short term employee benefits

Short term employee benefits, including holiday pay, are recognised as an expense in the period in which employees have become entitled as a result of service rendered to the company.

Financial Instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Jemstar Consulting Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 20% Straight Line
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The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

If the company were unable to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future, adjustments would have to be made to reduce the balance sheet value of assets to their recoverable amounts, and to provide for further liabilities that might arise, and to reclassify fixed assets and long term liabilities as current assets and liabilities.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash at bank and in hand, demand deposits with banks and other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less and bank overdrafts. In the Balance Sheet bank overdrafts are shown within Creditors.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors consider the accounting estimates and assumptions below to be its critical accounting estimates and judgements:

Going Concern

The company experienced a loss after tax of €14,690 (2024: loss after tax €2,649) during the financial year and had a shareholders deficit at the financial year end of €16,834 (2024: deficit €2,144). The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. In making this assessment, the directors of the company have conducted a review of the company's current trading results and the directors are willing to continue their financial support to the company.

Useful Lives of Tangible Fixed Assets

Long-lived assets comprising primarily of fixtures and fittings represent a significant portion of total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated lives of each type of asset and, in certain circumstances, estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these useful lives and change them if necessary to reflect current conditions. In determining these useful lives management consider technological change, patterns of consumption, physical condition and expected economic utilisation of the

Jemstar Consulting Ltd**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

assets. Changes in the useful lives can have a significant impact on the depreciation charge for the financial year.

4. Operating loss	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating loss is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of tangible assets	2,295	1,967
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

5. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 1, (2024 - 1).

	2025	2024
	Number	Number
Selling	1	1
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

6. Tangible assets

	2025	2024
		Fixtures, fittings and equipment €
Cost		
At 1 July 2024		18,292
Additions		3,138
		<u> </u>
At 30 June 2025		21,430
		<u> </u>
Depreciation		
At 1 July 2024		15,046
Charge for the financial year		2,295
		<u> </u>
At 30 June 2025		17,341
		<u> </u>
Net book value		
At 30 June 2025		4,089
		<u><u> </u></u>
At 30 June 2024		3,246
		<u><u> </u></u>

7. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	1,894	-
Taxation	25,706	24,603
Directors' current accounts (Note 10)	3,357	3,357
Other creditors	345	1,429
Accruals	1,540	1,540
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>
	32,842	30,929
	<u><u> </u></u>	<u><u> </u></u>

Trade creditors include amounts owing to suppliers, who purport to include reservation of title clauses in their conditions of sales. It is not practicable to quantify this amount, or how much of it is included in stocks.

The repayment terms of trade creditors vary between on demand and ninety days. No interest is payable on trade creditors.

Tax and social insurance are subject to the terms of the relevant legislation. Interest accrues on late payment at the rate of 0.0274% per day. No interest was due at the financial. The terms of the accruals are based on the underlying contracts. Other amounts included within creditors not covered by specific note disclosures are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

Jemstar Consulting Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

8. Income Statement

	2025 €	2024 €
At 1 July 2024	(2,146)	503
Loss for the financial year	<u>(14,690)</u>	<u>(2,649)</u>
At 30 June 2025	<u><u>(16,836)</u></u>	<u><u>(2,146)</u></u>

9. Capital commitments

The company had no capital commitments at 30 June 2025.

10. Directors' remuneration and transactions

	2025 €	2024 €
Directors' remuneration		
Remuneration	168,000	154,000
Pension contributions	<u>22,886</u>	<u>21,869</u>
	<u><u>190,886</u></u>	<u><u>175,869</u></u>

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025 €	2024 €
James Halligan	<u><u>3,357</u></u>	<u><u>3,357</u></u>

The directors have agreed to repay all balances within 12 months of the year end. Where a director is owed monies by the company, they have agreed to allow the company to repay at its convenience.

11. Controlling interest

The company is controlled by James Halligan who owned 100% of the share capital at the 30 June 2025.

12. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 19 February 2026.