

Company Registration No. 666243 (Republic of Ireland)

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED
ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

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GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (Generally accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for that financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Profit And Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes:

- The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgments underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.
- The directors confirm that they have made available to DBASS, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.
- The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all transactions of the company for the year ended 31 March 2025.

On behalf of the board

Carmel McKiernan
Director

Oliver McKiernan
Director

Date: 12 December 2025

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	Notes	2025 €	€	2024 €	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	5		100,313		119,891
Current assets					
Stocks	6	1,743,386		1,542,696	
Debtors	7	157,219		130,613	
Cash at bank and in hand		223,943		127,303	
		2,124,548		1,800,612	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(1,126,776)		(876,081)	
Net current assets			997,772		924,531
Total assets less current liabilities			1,098,085		1,044,422
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			100		100
Profit and loss reserves	9	1,097,985		1,044,322	
Total equity			1,098,085		1,044,422

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

We, as directors of Gallant Homes Limited, state that:

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption from audit provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that Section 358 is complied with;

(c) no notice under subsection (1) of section 334 has, in accordance with subsection (2) of that section, been served on the company; and

(d) we acknowledge the obligations of the company, under the Companies Act 2014, to:

(i) keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year; and

(ii) otherwise comply with the provisions of this Act relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company.

We, as directors of Gallant Homes Limited, state that:

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company; and confirm that the abridged Financial Statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014.

On behalf of the board

Carmel McKiernan
Director

Oliver McKiernan
Director

Date: 12 December 2025

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

The principal activity of the company continued to be that of the construction of residential and non-residential buildings

Gallant Homes Limited is a limited liability company domiciled and incorporated in the Republic of Ireland. The registered office is Breffni House, Hartwell Road, Kill, Co. Kildare and its company registration number is 666243.

The significant accounting policies adopted by the company and applied consistently in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

1.1 Basis of preparation

The financial statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of certain tangible fixed assets, and comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by Chartered Accountants Ireland including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland as adapted by Section 1A of FRS 102 and the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in euros, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest euro.

1.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts, settlement discounts and volume rebates.

When cash inflows are deferred and represent a financing arrangement, the fair value of the consideration is the present value of the future receipts. The difference between the fair value of the consideration and the nominal amount received is recognised as interest income.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer (usually on dispatch of the goods), the amount of revenue can be measured reliably, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that are recoverable.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses. Cost includes prime cost, overheads and interest incurred in financing the construction of tangible fixed assets. Capitalisation of interest ceases when the asset is brought into use.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment	12.50% Straight line
Fixtures and fittings	12.50% Straight line

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

The company's policy is to review the remaining useful economic lives and residual values of tangible fixed assets on an on-going basis and to adjust the depreciation charge to reflect the remaining estimated useful economic life and residual value.

Fully depreciated tangible fixed assets are retained in the cost of tangible fixed assets and related accumulated depreciation until they are removed from service. In the case of disposals, assets and related depreciation are removed from the financial statements and the net amount, less proceeds from disposal, is charged or credited to the income statement.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

1.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of replacement cost and cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

1.7 Financial instruments

Other financial assets, including investments in equity instruments which are not subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures, are initially measured at fair value, which is normally the transaction price. Such assets are subsequently carried at fair value and the changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss, except that investments in equity instruments that are not publicly traded and whose fair values cannot be measured reliably are measured at cost less impairment.

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

Derecognition of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

1.9 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the company's shareholders.

1.10 Taxation

The company is managed and controlled in the Republic of Ireland and, consequently, is tax resident in Ireland. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

Current tax

Current tax is calculated on the profits of the period. Current tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided in full on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

1.11 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that the company will be required to settle that obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The amount recognised as a provision is the best estimate of the consideration required to settle the present obligation at the reporting end date, taking into account the risks and uncertainties surrounding the obligation.

Where the effect of the time value of money is material, the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation is recognised at present value. When a provision is measured at present value, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

1.12 Employee benefits

The company provides a range of benefits to employees, including annual bonus arrangements, paid holiday arrangements and defined contribution pension plans.

(i) *Short term benefits*

Short term benefits, including holiday pay and other similar non-monetary benefits, are recognised as an expense in the period in which the service is received.

(ii) *Defined contribution pension plans*

The Company operates a defined contribution plan. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the company pays fixed contributions into a separate fund. Under defined contribution plans, the company has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

For defined contribution plans, the company pays contributions to privately administered pension plans on a contractual or voluntary basis. The company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as an employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

Contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account in the year they are payable.

1.13 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

1.14 Currency

(i) *Functional and presentation currency*

Items included in the financial statements of the company are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the company operates ("the functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in euro, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and is denoted by the symbol "€".

(ii) *Transactions and balances*

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the profit and loss account within 'finance (expense)/income'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the profit and loss account within 'Other operating (losses)/gains'.

1.15 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

1.16 Cash flow statement exemption

The company has availed of the exemption contained in Section 1A of FRS 102 and as a result have elected not to prepare a cash flow statement.

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

2 Operating profit

	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit for the year is stated after charging:		
Depreciation of owned tangible fixed assets	19,578	19,578

3 Employees

There were no employees during the year.

4 Directors' transactions

Loans have been granted to the company by its directors as follows:

Amounts owed to directors are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

5 Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and equipment €	Fixtures and fittings €	Total €
Cost			
At 1 April 2024 and 31 March 2025	151,681	4,944	156,625
Depreciation and impairment			
At 1 April 2024	34,880	1,854	36,734
Depreciation charged in the year	18,960	618	19,578
At 31 March 2025	53,840	2,472	56,312
Carrying amount			
At 31 March 2025	97,841	2,472	100,313
At 31 March 2024	116,801	3,090	119,891

6 Stocks

	2025	2024
	€	€
Work in progress	1,743,386	1,542,696

GALLANT HOMES LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

7 Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Corporation tax recoverable	63,465	5,289
Other debtors	93,754	93,914
Prepayments	-	31,410
	<u>157,219</u>	<u>130,613</u>
	<u><u>157,219</u></u>	<u><u>130,613</u></u>
8 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	587,847	496,204
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	533,179	355,054
Accruals	5,750	24,823
	<u>1,126,776</u>	<u>876,081</u>
	<u><u>1,126,776</u></u>	<u><u>876,081</u></u>
9 Profit and loss reserves	2025	2024
	€	€
At the beginning of the year	1,044,322	710,838
Profit for the year	53,663	333,484
	<u>1,097,985</u>	<u>1,044,322</u>
At the end of the year	<u><u>1,097,985</u></u>	<u><u>1,044,322</u></u>

10 Capital commitments

There were no capital commitments at the year ended 31 March 2025.

11 Post balance sheet events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the year end.

12 Approval of financial statements

The directors approved the financial statements on the 12 December 2025.

Signature Page

Submission Reference Number:

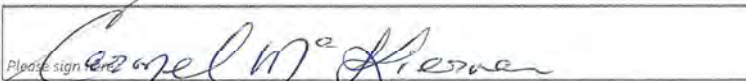
SR7379400

Form B1C - Annual Return General

Related Entity Details

Name (or Proposed Name): GALLANT HOMES LIMITED
Number (if applicable): 666243

Signature of the person(s) who is (are) certifying that the information provided is correct

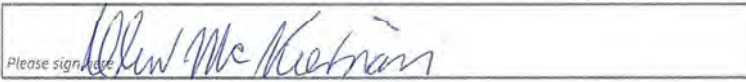
Please sign here 

CARMEL MCKIERNAN

Secretary



Date

Please sign here 

OLIVER MCKIERNAN

Director (Company)



Date

Legal References:

Collective Citations

Companies Act 2014

Section: 343(4)

Financial Year from: 01-04-2024 to: 31-03-2025

9A088BED16CB2134606C68D45FE50058



Form B1C - Annual Return General

Companies Act 2014
Annual Return to the registrar of companies
Section:343(4)

Submission Reference Number

SR7379400

Company Details

Date return made up	11 Dec 2025
Financial Year From	01 Apr 2024
Financial Year to	31 Mar 2025
The Company	Wishes to RETAIN the anniversary of its existing ARD for next year.
Company Number	666243
Company Name	GALLANT HOMES LIMITED
Registered Office	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL CO. KILDARE
Company Email Address	bfarrell@dbass.ie
Company Size	Small
Audit Exemption	Small Company Exemption
Section 137 Bond	No
B67 check	No

Auditors Details (only applicable if filing an auditors report)

Auditor Type

ARN

Auditor Name

Director Details

Director: 1

Director Type	Director
First Name	CARMEL
Last Name	MCKIERNAN
Previous First Name	
Previous Last Name	
Date of Birth	24 Jul 1950
Nationality	Ireland
EEA Resident	Yes
Occupation	Director

Address	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL, CO. KILDARE
Director: 2	
Director Type	Director
First Name	OLIVER
Last Name	MCKIERNAN
Previous First Name	
Previous Last Name	
Date of Birth	23 Mar 1948
Nationality	Ireland
EEA Resident	Yes
Occupation	Director
Address	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL, CO. KILDARE

Secretary Details

Secretary: 1

Type	EEA Resident Individual
Name	CARMEL MCKIERNAN
Address	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL, CO. KILDARE
Date of Birth	24 Jul 1950

Past/ Present Members Details

Option	Add Past/Present Members
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Past/Present Member: 1

First Name(if applicable)	CARMEL
Last Name/Company Name	MCKIERNAN
Address	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL VILLAGE, CO. KILDARE
Past/Present	Present

Past/Present Member: 2

First Name(if applicable)	OLIVER
Last Name/Company Name	MCKIERNAN
Address	BREFFNI HOUSE, HARTWELL ROAD, KILL VILLAGE, CO. KILDARE
Past/Present	Present

Shares Held Per Member Details

1

Member	CARMELMCKIERNAN
Share Class	ORDINARY
Number of Shares Held	50

2

Member	OLIVERMCKIERNAN
Share Class	ORDINARY
Number of Shares Held	50

Authorised Share Capital

1

Currency	Euro(EUR)
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Total	0.0000000
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Issued Share Capital	
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1	
Currency	Euro(EUR)
Total	100.0000000

Submission Attachments	
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Type	Description
FINANCIAL STATEMENT	Accounts.pdf
OTHER DIRECTORSHIP LIST	Oliver & Carmel McKiernan Directorships.pdf

Verification Details	
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Signature Method	Signature Page Upload
Signature Type	Secretary
Person Name	CARMEL MCKIERNAN
Signature Method	Signature Page Upload
Signature Type	Director (Company)
Person Name	OLIVER MCKIERNAN

Presenter Details	
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Presenter Name	Berkeley Secretarial Services Limited(BERKELEY SECRETARIAL SERVICES LIMITED)
Presenter Address	Berkeley House, Ballybin Road, Ashbourne, MEATH, Ireland
Presenter Email	bfarrell@dbass.ie
Presenter Telephone Number	018498800_____