

Company Number: 674750

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG
Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

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DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the surplus or deficit of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and surplus or deficit of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	<u>100,600</u>	<u>100,600</u>
Current Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents		6,450	4,703
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	<u>(2,214)</u>	<u>(2,214)</u>
Net Current Assets		<u>4,236</u>	<u>2,489</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		<u><u>104,836</u></u>	<u><u>103,089</u></u>
Reserves			
Income and expenditure account		<u>104,836</u>	<u>103,089</u>
Equity attributable to owners of the company		<u><u>104,836</u></u>	<u><u>103,089</u></u>

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

BALANCE SHEET

as at 31 December 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the members of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 10 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

John Guven
Director

Murray Hitzman
Director

Jennifer Craig
Director

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 31 December 2025

	Retained surplus	Total
	€	€
At 1 January 2024	99,007	99,007
Surplus for the financial year	<u>4,082</u>	<u>4,082</u>
At 31 December 2024	103,089	103,089
Surplus for the financial year	<u>1,747</u>	<u>1,747</u>
At 31 December 2025	<u>104,836</u>	<u>104,836</u>

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

1. General Information

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG is a company limited by guarantee incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 674750. The registered office of the company is Bothar Lane, Bawnmore, Johnstown, Kilkenny which is also the principal place of business of the company. The organisation is a charitable company limited by guarantee. The company does not have a share capital and consequently the liability of members is limited, subject to an undertaking by each member to contribute to the net assets or liabilities of the company on winding up such amounts as may be required not exceeding one Euro (€1).

The charity was established under a Memorandum of Association which established the objects and powers of the charitable company and is governed under its Articles of Association (or Constitution) and managed by a Board of Directors/Trustees

The charity has been granted charitable tax status under Sections 207 and 208 of the Taxes Consolidation Act 1997, Charity No CHY 20206401 and is registered with the Charities Regulatory Authority.

The charity's objects and principal activities are to:

To store and safeguard mineral deposit drillcores donated by mining & exploration companies that might otherwise be destroyed. The core collection will be used for public outreach, teaching the geosciences and further mineral research. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014. These are the company's first set of financial statements prepared in accordance with FRS 102.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

Income

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	0% Straight line
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The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable income for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable income and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income and Expenditure Account.

3. Adoption of FRS 102

This is the first set of financial statements prepared by Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG in accordance with accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council, including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A (Small Entities). The company transitioned from previously extant Irish and UK GAAP to FRS 102 Section 1A as at 1 January 2016.

4. Employees

The company had no employees in the period.

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings freehold	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 1 January 2025	100,600	100,600
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2025	100,600	100,600
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Depreciation		
At 1 January 2025	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2025	-	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net book value		
At 31 December 2025	100,600	100,600
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
At 31 December 2024	100,600	100,600
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

6. Creditors

Amounts falling due within one year

	2025	2024
	€	€
Accruals	2,214	2,214
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Irish Mineral Deposits Trust CLG

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

7. Status

The liability of the members is limited.

Every member of the company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the company in the event of its being wound up while they are members, or within one financial year thereafter, for the payment of the debts and liabilities of the company contracted before they ceased to be members, and of the costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and for the adjustment of the rights of the contributors among themselves, such amount as may be required, not exceeding € 2.

8. Income Statement

	2025 €	2024 €
At 1 January 2025	103,089	99,007
Surplus for the financial year	1,747	4,082
At 31 December 2025	<u>104,836</u>	<u>103,089</u>

9. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2025.

10. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

11. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 10 March 2026.