

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED
20 KILLYWOOLAGHAN ROAD
ARDBOE
DUNGANNON

ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

Company Information

Directors	Eugene McKeown Maureen McKeown
Secretary	Maureen McKeown
Company Number	487380
Registered Office	20 Killywoolaghan Road Ardboe Dungannon Co Tyrone BT71 5AS
Accountants	Anton Martin Limited t/a O'Connor Martin & Company Unit 2 Blackthorn Business Park Coes Road Dundalk County Louth
Business Address	20 Killywoolaghan Road Ardboe Dungannon Co Tyrone BT71 5AS
Bankers	Bank Of Ireland Swords Co. Dublin

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and accounting standards issued by the Financial Reporting Council including FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Ireland (Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in Ireland). Under company law, the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as to the financial year end and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing those financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently
- Make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent
- State whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors Declaration on Unaudited Financial Statements

In relation to the financial statements as set out on pages 7 to 12:

- The Directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgments underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.
- The Directors confirm that they have made available to Anton Martin Limited, the company's accounting records and provided all the information necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.
- The Directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the year ended 31st July 2025.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD

EUGENE MCKEOWN

MAUREEN MCKEOWN

26th February 2026

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED**BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31ST JULY 2025**

	Notes	€	2025 €	€	2024 €
<u>FIXED ASSETS</u>					
<u>CURRENT ASSETS</u>					
Debtors	7	3,725		3,725	
Cash at bank and in hand		7,197		7,197	
		<u>10,922</u>		<u>10,922</u>	
<u>CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR</u>					
	8	(42,087)		(42,087)	
<u>NET CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>			(31,165)		(31,165)
<u>TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES</u>			(31,165)		(31,165)
Provision for Liabilities and Charges	9		3,894		3,894
<u>DEFICIENCY OF ASSETS</u>			<u>(27,271)</u>		<u>(27,271)</u>
<u>CAPITAL AND RESERVES</u>					
Called up share capital	10		1		1
Profit and loss account	11		(27,272)		(27,272)
<u>EQUITY SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS</u>			<u>(27,271)</u>		<u>(27,271)</u>

We, as Directors of EMA Sales (IRL) Limited, state that:

(a) The company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;

(b) The company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in Section 358 is complied with,

(c) No notice under subsection (1) of Section 334 has in accordance with subsection(2) of that section been served on the company;

(d) We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to Financial Statements so far as they are applicable to the company;

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in s.352 Companies Act 2014;has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged Financial Statements have been properly prepared in accordance with s.353 Companies Act 2014.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:

EUGENE MCKEOWN
DIRECTOR

DATE: 26TH FEBRUARY 2026

MAUREEN MCKEOWN
DIRECTOR

DATE: 26TH FEBRUARY 2026

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

1. Accounting Policies

EMA Sales (IRL) Limited is primarily engaged in the sales and service of packing machinery. The company trades from 20 Killywoolaghan Road, Ardboe, Dungannon.

The company is a limited liability company incorporated and domiciled in Ireland. The company is tax resident in Ireland.

The Company is registered in Ireland under company number 487380.

The significant accounting policies adopted by the Company and applied consistently are as follows:

1.1. Basis of Preparation

The Financial Statements are prepared on the going concern basis, under the historical cost convention, and comply with the financial reporting standards of the Financial Reporting Council and the Companies Act 2014.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

1.2. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits and other short- term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position

1.3. Trade and Other Creditors

Trade and other creditors are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.4. Trade and Other Debtors

Trade and other debtors are recognised initially at transaction price (including transaction costs) unless a financing arrangement exists in which case they are measured at the present value of future receipts discounted at a market rate. Subsequently these are measured at amortised cost less any provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of receivables. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the effective interest rate. All movements in the level of provision required are recognised in the profit and loss.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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1.5. Taxation

The company is managed and controlled in the Republic of Ireland and, consequently, is tax resident in Ireland. Tax is recognised in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

- (i) **Current Tax**
Current tax is calculated on the profits of the period. Current tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.
- (ii) **Deferred Tax**
Deferred tax arises from timing differences that are differences between taxable profits and total comprehensive income as stated in the financial statements. These timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements.

Deferred tax is provided in full on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

1.6. Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a finance cost.

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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2. Critical Accounting Judgements and Estimates

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

Judgements and estimates are continually evaluated and are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances

The company makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

- (a) Establishing useful economic lives for depreciation purposes of tangible fixed assets
Long-lived assets comprise a significant portion of the total assets. The annual depreciation charge depends primarily on the estimated useful economic lives of each type of asset and estimates of residual values. The directors regularly review these asset useful economic lives and change them as necessary to reflect current thinking on remaining lives in light of prospective economic utilisation and physical condition of the assets concerned. Changes in asset useful lives can have a significant impact on depreciation and amortisation charges for the period. Detail of the useful economic lives is included in the accounting policies.

3. Turnover

The total turnover of the company for the year has been derived from its principal activity wholly undertaken in Ireland.

4. Operating profit

	2025	2024
	€	€
Bank Charges	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5. Employees

There were no employees during the year.

5.1. Directors' emoluments

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	-	-
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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6. Tax on profit / (loss) on Ordinary Activities	2025	2024
	€	€
Corporation tax on ordinary activities for year @ 12.50%	-	-
Transfer to deferred taxation	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit (Loss) on ordinary activities before tax	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by rate of corporation tax in Republic of Ireland of 12.50% (2020 12.50%)	-	-
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Effects of :		
Depreciation for year in excess of capital allowances	-	-
Losses Forward	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

7. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Amounts falling due within one year:		
Trade debtors	3,403	3,403
Other debtors - Vat Refund Due	322	322
	<u>3,725</u>	<u>3,725</u>
	<u>3,725</u>	<u>3,725</u>

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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8	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
		€	€
	Trade creditors	35,840	35,840
	Other taxes and social welfare costs	(322)	(322)
	Directors Loan Account	4,107	4,107
	Accruals	2,140	2,140
		<u>41,765</u>	<u>41,765</u>

8.1	Other taxes and social security costs:	2025	2024
		€	€
	Value Added Tax	(322)	(322)
		<u>(322)</u>	<u>(322)</u>

9. Provisions for liabilities and charges

Deferred tax is analysed over the following timing differences:

	Provided	
	2025	2024
	€	€
Tax losses available	(3,894)	(3,894)
	<u>(3,894)</u>	<u>(3,894)</u>

10. Share Capital	2025	2024
	€	€
100,000 Ordinary Shares of € 1 each	100,000	100,000
	<u>100,000</u>	<u>100,000</u>
Allotted, called up and fully paid equity		
1 Ordinary share of € 1 each	1	1
	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

..... continued

11. Equity Reserves

	Profit and Loss Account €	Total €
At 1 August 2024	(27,272)	(27,272)
Retained profit for the year	-	-
At 31 July 2025	<u>(27,272)</u>	<u>(27,272)</u>

12. Reconciliation Of Movements In Shareholders' Funds

	2025 €	2024 €
Opening shareholders' funds	(27,271)	(27,271)
Closing shareholders' funds	<u>(27,271)</u>	<u>(27,271)</u>

13. Transactions with Directors

Loans by directors

The directors made the following loans to the company during the year.

Name of Director	Maureen McKeown	Eugene McKeown
Amount owed to director as at 1st August 2023	-	4,107
Advanced to director in year	-	-
Repaid by director in the year	-	-
Amount owed to director as at 31st July 2025	<u>-</u>	<u>4,107</u>
Maximum amount outstanding during the year	<u>-</u>	<u>4,107</u>

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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14. Reconciliation of Operating profit to Net Cash inflow from Operating Activities

	2025	2024
	€	€
(Loss) / Profit after Taxation	-	-
Addback/Deduct		
Taxation	-	-
Operating Profit	-	-
Adjustment for		
Depreciation	-	-
Changes in Working Capital		
(Increase) in debtors	-	-
Increase in creditors	-	-
Cash Generated from Operations	-	-

15. Analysis of Changes in Net funds

	Opening Balance	Cash Flows	Closing Balance
	€	€	€
Cash at bank and in hand	7,197	-	7,197
Net Funds	7,197	-	7,197

16. Directors Interests

The Directors who served during the year and their interests in the company are as stated below:

	Ordinary Shares	
	2025	2024
Eugene McKeown	1	1
	1	1

17. Related Party Transactions

The company operates rent free from premises owned by the directors.

18. Post Balance Sheet events

There were no significant events following the year end.

EMA SALES (IRL) LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST JULY 2025

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19. Controlling Interest

The company is controlled by Eugene McKeown.
The ultimate controlling party is Eugene McKeown.

20. Approval Of Financial Statements

The financial statements were approved by the Board on 26th February 2026.

Eugene McKeown
Director

Maureen McKeown
Director