

CMC RECOVERY

Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements

for the financial period from 18 June 2024 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2025

Company Number: 766209

CMC RECOVERY

CONTENTS

	Page
Director's Responsibilities Statement	3
Balance Sheet	4
Statement of Changes in Equity	5
Notes to the Financial Statements	6 - 7

CMC RECOVERY DIRECTOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial period from 18 June 2024 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2025

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial period. Under that law, the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the director must not approve the financial statements unless they is satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial period end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial period and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Director's Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board

**Mr Glen McCann
Director**

5 February 2026

CMC RECOVERY BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

Notes	Jun 25 €	Jun 24 €
Current Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	100	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)	100	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	100	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
Capital and Reserves		
Called up share capital presented as equity	100	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Equity attributable to owners of the company	100	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

I as Director of CMC RECOVERY , state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial period and of its profit or loss for such a financial period and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 5 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:

Mr Glen McCann
Director

CMC RECOVERY
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

as at 30 June 2025

	Called up share capital €	Total €
At 18 June 2023	-	-
Net proceeds of equity Ordinary share issue	100	100
At 30 June 2025	100	100

CMC RECOVERY

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial period from 18 June 2024 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2025

1. General Information

CMC RECOVERY is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 766209. The registered office of the company is 47 SAINT RONAN'S PARK, Clondakin, Dublin 22, D22Y5X7, Ireland which is also the principal place of business of the company. Tow Truck and Breakdown Recovery Service The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial period ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial period, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows because it is classified as a small company.

Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial period and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Period of financial statements

The financial statements are for the 12 month 13 days period from 18 June 2024 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2025.

CMC RECOVERY NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial period from 18 June 2024 (date of incorporation) to 30 June 2025

4. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial period was 1, (Jun 24 - 0).

	Jun 25 Number	Jun 24 Number
Director	1	-
	<u>1</u>	<u>-</u>

5. Tax on profit

	Jun 25 €	Jun 24 €
Analysis of charge in the financial period		
Current tax:		
Corporation tax	-	-
	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

No charge to tax arises due to tax losses incurred.

6. Capital commitments

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial period-ended 30 June 2025.

7. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial period-end.

8. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board on 5 February 2026.