



JOHN CANTY & CO.  
Chartered Accountants

Company Number: 524198

**Nagle Memorials Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

**Nagle Memorials Limited**  
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# **Nagle Memorials Limited**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Signed on behalf of the board**

**Patrick Nagle**  
Director

**21 March 2026**

**Bernadette Nagle**  
Director

**21 March 2026**

# Nagle Memorials Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	20,502	24,940
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	7	325,400	358,600
Debtors	8	58,056	21,274
Cash and cash equivalents		28,314	26,017
		411,770	405,891
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	(201,886)	(249,157)
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		209,884	156,734
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		230,386	181,674
<b>Creditors:</b> amounts falling due after more than one year	10	(32,089)	(38,302)
<b>Net Assets</b>		198,297	143,372
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		2	2
Retained earnings		198,295	143,370
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		198,297	143,372

# **Nagle Memorials Limited**

## **BALANCE SHEET**

as at 30 June 2025

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Nagle Memorials Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 21 March 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**Patrick Nagle**  
Director

**Bernadette Nagle**  
Director

# Nagle Memorials Limited

## RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS

as at 30 June 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
<b>At 1 July 2023</b>	2	121,884	121,886
Profit for the financial year	-	21,486	21,486
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>	2	143,370	143,372
Profit for the financial year	-	54,925	54,925
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>198,295</b>	<b>198,297</b>

# Nagle Memorials Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### 1. General Information

Nagle Memorials Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated in Ireland

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings freehold	-	4% Straight line
Plant and machinery	-	12.5% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.5% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs relating to the acquisition of assets are capitalised at the appropriate rate by adding them to the cost of assets being acquired. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on the assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they are incurred.

# Nagle Memorials Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

### Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

### Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

### Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

### Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

### Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

<b>3. Operating profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
<b>Operating profit is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	<b>4,438</b>	4,438
Government grants received	<b>(5,110)</b>	-
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
<b>4. Interest payable and similar expenses</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
Interest	<b>10,106</b>	10,061
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**Nagle Memorials Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

continued

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was:

	<b>2025 Number</b>	2024 Number
Directors	2	2
General	2	2
	<u>4</u>	<u>4</u>

**6. Tangible assets**

	<b>Land and buildings freehold €</b>	<b>Plant and machinery €</b>	<b>Motor vehicles €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>				
At 1 July 2024	15,574	113,144	33,443	162,161
At 30 June 2025	<u>15,574</u>	<u>113,144</u>	<u>33,443</u>	<u>162,161</u>
<b>Depreciation</b>				
At 1 July 2024	5,992	100,989	30,240	137,221
Charge for the financial year	623	3,014	801	4,438
At 30 June 2025	<u>6,615</u>	<u>104,003</u>	<u>31,041</u>	<u>141,659</u>
<b>Net book value</b>				
At 30 June 2025	<u><b>8,959</b></u>	<u><b>9,141</b></u>	<u><b>2,402</b></u>	<u><b>20,502</b></u>
At 30 June 2024	<u>9,582</u>	<u>12,155</u>	<u>3,203</u>	<u>24,940</u>

**7. Stocks**

	<b>2025 €</b>	2024 €
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u><b>325,400</b></u>	<u>358,600</u>

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**8. Debtors**

	<b>2025 €</b>	2024 €
Trade debtors	<u><b>58,056</b></u>	<u>21,274</u>

**9. Creditors**  
**Amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>2025 €</b>	2024 €
Amounts owed to credit institutions	<b>56,213</b>	56,213
Trade creditors	<b>5,687</b>	5,615
Taxation	<b>26,076</b>	45,063
Directors' current accounts (Note 13)	<b>109,410</b>	134,766
Accruals	<b>4,500</b>	7,500
	<u><b>201,886</b></u>	<u>249,157</u>

**Nagle Memorials Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

continued

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

<b>10. Creditors</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
<b>Amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Bank loan	<b>32,089</b>	38,302
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
<b>Loans</b>		
Repayable in one year or less, or on demand	<b>56,213</b>	56,213
Repayable between one and two years	<b>11,213</b>	11,213
Repayable between two and five years	<b>20,876</b>	27,089
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
	<b>88,302</b>	94,515
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

**11. Income Statement**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
At 1 July 2024	<b>143,370</b>	121,884
Profit for the financial year	<b>54,925</b>	21,486
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>
At 30 June 2025	<b>198,295</b>	143,370
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

**12. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2025.

**13. Directors' remuneration and transactions**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Remuneration	<b>63,012</b>	63,012
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	<b>€</b>	<b>€</b>
Patrick Nagle	<b>109,410</b>	134,766
	<u><u>          </u></u>	<u><u>          </u></u>

**14. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**15. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 21 March 2026.