

**Company registration number: 388901**

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**  
**Abridged financial statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 April 2022**

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

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**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Extract from the directors report in accordance with section 329 of the Companies Act 2014.**

**Directors and secretary and their interests**

The directors and secretary at the financial year end and their interests in shares in the company were as follows:

|                           | <b>At 30/04/22<br/>Number</b> | <b>At 01/05/21<br/>Number</b> |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| <b>Directors:</b>         |                               |                               |
| Michael Sargent           | 90                            | 90                            |
| Edward Gladney            | 10                            | 10                            |
| John Watters              | -                             | -                             |
| <b>Company secretary:</b> |                               |                               |
| Michael Sargent           | 90                            | 90                            |

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Directors responsibilities statement**

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.


Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and applying Section 1A of that Standard, which is issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.


In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

On behalf of the board

  
**Michael Sargent**  
Director

  
**Edward Gladney**  
Director

**Date: 15 December 2025**

**Independent auditor's special report to Gladney Sargent Watters Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

We have examined:

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2022 on pages 8 to 14, which the directors of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

**Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors**

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with the Companies Act 2014. It is our opinion responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to section 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors as a body, in accordance with section 356 of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's directors those matters we are required to state to them under section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's directors as a body, for our opinion work, for this report, or for the opinion we have formed.

**Basis of opinion**

We have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that the abridged financial statements are properly prepared. The scope of our opinion work for the purpose of this report does not include examining or dealing with events after the date of our opinion report on the full financial statements.

**Opinion**

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex to the annual return of the company, abridged financial statements and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act.

**Other information**

On 15 December 2025 we reported, as auditor of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited, to the members on the company's financial statements for the year ended 30 April 2022 to be laid before its Annual General Meeting and our opinion report was as follows:

**"Independent auditor's report to the members of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Report on the audit of the financial statements**

**Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited for the financial year ended 30 April 2022 which comprise the profit and loss account, balance sheet, the statement of changes in equity and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 3. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish law and FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, applying Section 1A of that Standard.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 April 2022 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;

**Independent auditor's special report to Gladney Sargent Watters Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, applying Section 1A of that Standard; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

***Basis for opinion***

We conducted our opinion audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our opinion audit of the financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and we have fulfilled our opinion other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for opinion.

***Conclusions relating to going concern***

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work that we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of the report.

***Other Information***

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our opinion auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our opinion audit of the financial statements, our opinion responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our opinion knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

***Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014***

Based solely on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- in our opinion opinion, the information given in the directors report is consistent with the financial statements; and
- in our opinion opinion, the directors report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which we consider necessary for the purposes of our opinion audit.

**Independent auditor's special report to Gladney Sargent Watters Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited, and financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

***Matters on which we are required to report by exception***

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the directors report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions required by sections 305 to 312 of the Act are not made. We have nothing to report in this regard.

**Respective responsibilities**

***Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements***

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

***Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

**Independent auditor's special report to Gladney Sargent Watters Limited  
pursuant to section 356 of the Companies Act 2014 (continued)**

***Further information regarding the scope of our responsibilities as auditor***

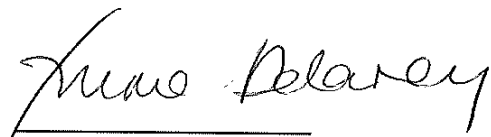
As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs (Ireland), we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our opinion auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our opinion auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our opinion audit.

***The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities***

Our report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members, as a body, for our opinion audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Emma Delaney**  
For and on behalf of  
**KSi Faulkner Orr Limited**  
Registered Auditors  
10 Mount Street Lower  
Dublin 2  
D02 HT71

15 December 2025


Gladney Sargent Watters Limited

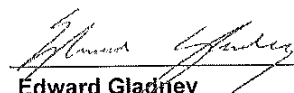
Balance sheet  
As at 30 April 2022

|   | Note | 2022<br>€ | €       | 2021<br>€ | €       |
|---|------|-----------|---------|-----------|---------|
| <b>Fixed assets</b>                                   |      |           |         |           |         |
| Intangible assets                                     |      | -         |         | -         |         |
| Tangible assets                                       | 5    | 4,948     |         | 2,596     |         |
|   |      |           | 4,948   |           | 2,596   |
| <b>Current assets</b>                                 |      |           |         |           |         |
| Work in progress                                      |      | 224,893   |         | 209,473   |         |
| Debtors   | 6    | 1,279,415 |         | 997,375   |         |
| Cash at bank and in hand                              |      | 110,083   |         | 112,434   |         |
|   |      | 1,614,391 |         | 1,319,282 |         |
| <b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> |      |           |         |           |         |
|   | 7    | (641,455) |         | (389,058) |         |
| <b>Net current assets</b>                             |      |           | 972,936 |           | 930,224 |
| <b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>          |      |           | 977,884 |           | 932,820 |
| <b>Net assets</b>                                     |      |           | 977,884 |           | 932,820 |
| <b>Capital and reserves</b>                           |      |           |         |           |         |
| Called up share capital presented as equity           |      |           | 100     |           | 100     |
| Profit and loss account                               |      |           | 977,784 |           | 932,720 |
| <b>Shareholders funds</b>                             |      |           | 977,884 |           | 932,820 |

We, as directors of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited state that the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; the company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 15 December 2025 and signed on behalf of the board by:

  
Michael Sargent  
Director

  
Edward Gladney  
Director

The notes on pages 9 to 14 form part of these abridged financial statements.

## Gladney Sargent Watters Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30 April 2022

#### 1. General information

The financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited for the financial year ended 30 April 2022.

Gladney Sargent Watters Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of Companies Act 2014), incorporated and registered in the Republic of Ireland (CRO number 388901). The Registered Office is 12 Northbrook Road, Ranelagh, Dublin 6 which is also the principal place of business of the company. The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102), applying section 1A of that Standard.

#### 3. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

##### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and Irish Statute comprising of the Companies Act 2014 using the historical cost basis and prepared on the going concern assumption, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss. The company qualifies as a small company for the period, as defined by section 280A of the Act, in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Act and Section 1A of FRS 102

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The directors make estimates and assumptions concerning the future in process of preparing the entities financial statements. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results.

Estimates and judgements made in the process of preparing the entity financial statements are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Therefore, there are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements.

##### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the rendering of services is measured by reference to the stage of completion of the service transaction at the end of the reporting period provided that the outcome can be reliably estimated. When the outcome cannot be reliably estimated, revenue is recognised only to the extent that expenses recognised are recoverable.

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 30 April 2022**

**Taxation**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

**Operating leases**

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

**Amortisation**

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

**Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 30 April 2022**

**Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

|                                 |     |               |
|---------------------------------|-----|---------------|
| Fittings fixtures and equipment | 20% | Straight Line |
| Motor vehicles                  | 20% | Straight Line |

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

**Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

**Stocks**

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

**Government grants**

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 30 April 2022**

**Financial instruments**

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

**Defined contribution plans**

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

**Trade and other debtors**

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

**Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

**4. Staff costs**

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

|                                | <b>2022</b>    | 2021           |
|--------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
|                                | €              | €              |
| Wages and salaries             | 672,319        | 608,772        |
| Social insurance costs         | 57,492         | 41,127         |
| Other retirement benefit costs | 47,000         | 43,000         |
|                                | <u>776,811</u> | <u>692,899</u> |

Gladney Sargent Watters Limited

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)  
Financial year ended 30 April 2022

|                                  |                |   |                           |              |
|----------------------------------|----------------|---|---------------------------|--------------|
| <b>5. Tangible assets</b>        |                | <b>Fixtures,<br/>fittings and<br/>equipment</b> | <b>Motor<br/>vehicles</b> | <b>Total</b> |
|                                  |                | €   | €                         | €            |
| <b>Cost</b>                      |                |   |                           |              |
| At 1 May 2021                    | 135,683        | 24,200  | 159,883                   |              |
| Additions                        | 4,194          | -   | 4,194                     |              |
| <b>At 30 April 2022</b>          | <u>139,877</u> | <u>24,200</u>                                   | <u>164,077</u>            |              |
| <b>Depreciation</b>              |                |   |                           |              |
| At 1 May 2021                    | 133,087        | 24,200  | 157,287                   |              |
| Charge for the<br>financial year | 1,842          | -   | 1,842                     |              |
| <b>At 30 April 2022</b>          | <u>134,929</u> | <u>24,200</u>                                   | <u>159,129</u>            |              |
| <b>Carrying amount</b>           |                |   |                           |              |
| <b>At 30 April 2022</b>          | <u>4,948</u>   | <u>-</u>  | <u>4,948</u>              |              |
| At 30 April 2021                 | <u>2,596</u>   | <u>-</u>  | <u>2,596</u>              |              |
| <br>                             |                |   |                           |              |
| <b>6. Debtors</b>                |                | <b>2022</b>                                     | <b>2021</b>               |              |
|                                  |                | €   | €                         |              |
| Trade debtors                    |                | 333,578   | 359,105                   |              |
| Other debtors                    |                | 945,837   | 638,270                   |              |
|                                  |                | <u>1,279,415</u>                                | <u>997,375</u>            |              |

**Gladney Sargent Watters Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 30 April 2022**

| <b>7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b> | <b>2022</b>    | <b>2021</b>    |
|--|----------------|----------------|
|  | <b>€</b>       | <b>€</b>       |
| Creditors include the following:                         |                |                |
| Trade creditors  | 11,745         | 27,764         |
| Tax and social insurance:                                |                |                |
| PAYE and social welfare                                  | 249,699        | 136,863        |
| Corporation tax  | 70,989         | 48,449         |
| VAT  | 297,022        | 165,982        |
| Accruals   | 12,000         | 10,000         |
|  | <u>641,455</u> | <u>389,058</u> |

**8. Controlling party**

Michael Sargent is the controlling party of Gladney Sargent Watters Limited.

**9. Security**

There is no security held over the assets of the company.

**10. Approval of financial statements**

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 15 December 2025.

