

**Company registration number: 26325**

**Shamrock Developments Limited**  
**Unaudited abridged financial statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

# Shamrock Developments Limited

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## **Shamrock Developments Limited**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

## Shamrock Developments Limited

### Balance sheet As at 30/04/25

	Note	2025	€	2024	€
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	4	71		71	
Cash at bank and in hand		3,575		3,575	
		3,646		3,646	
<b>Net current assets</b>			3,646		3,646
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			3,646		3,646
<b>Net assets</b>			3,646		3,646
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			102		102
User defined reserve 1			25		25
Profit and loss account			3,519		3,519
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			3,646		3,646

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

We, as directors of Shamrock Developments Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

**The notes on pages 4 to 5 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

**Shamrock Developments Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)**  
**As at 30/04/25**

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 07/01/26 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Francis Corrigan  
Director

Joseph Corrigan  
Director

**The notes on pages 4 to 5 form part of these abridged financial statements.**

## Shamrock Developments Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30/04/25

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in . The address of the registered office is 4 Maple Avenue, Old Town Demesne, Naas, Co Kildare.

#### 2. Accounting policies and measurement bases

##### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### Going concern

The Company meets its day to day working capital requirements either through its bank facilities and Directors support . After making enquires, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company has adequate resources to continue its operations for the foreseeable future. The Company therefore continues to adopt the going concern basis in preparing its financial statements.

##### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

## Shamrock Developments Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30/04/25

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### Share Capital

Ordinary Shares are classified as equity. Called-up share capital represents the nominal value of shares that have been issued.

#### 3. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>€</b>	€
At the start of the financial year	3,519	3,519
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<u>3,519</u>	<u>3,519</u>

#### 4. Debtors

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	<b>€</b>	€
Other debtors	71	71

The fair values of trade and other receivables approximate to their carrying values.

#### 5. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 7 January 2026.