

**Company registration number: 360679**

**Herbert Leisure Limited**  
**Unaudited abridged financial statements**  
**for the financial year ended 26 August 2025**

# Herbert Leisure Limited

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## **Herbert Leisure Limited**

### **Directors responsibilities statement**

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

**Herbert Leisure Limited**

**Balance sheet  
As at 26 August 2025**

		2025		2024	
	Note	€	€	€	€
<b>Fixed assets</b>					
Financial assets	7	3,853,636		802,831	
			3,853,636	802,831	802,831
<b>Current assets</b>					
Debtors	8	25,000		-	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,022,396		-	
		1,047,396		-	
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>					
	9	(555,654)		(545,760)	
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>			491,742		(545,760)
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>			4,345,378		257,071
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		10	(17,045)		-
<b>Net assets</b>			4,328,333		257,071
<b>Capital and reserves</b>					
Called up share capital presented as equity			329		329
Profit and loss account			4,328,004		256,742
<b>Shareholders funds</b>			4,328,333		257,071

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

**Herbert Leisure Limited**

**Balance sheet (continued)  
As at 26 August 2025**

We, as directors of Herbert Leisure Limited state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 6 March 2026 and signed on behalf of the board by:

John Baker  
Director

Carol Baker  
Director

Company registration number: 360679

## Herbert Leisure Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 26 August 2025

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Ireland. The address of the registered office is 48 Morehampton Road, Donnybrook, Dublin, Dublin 4.

#### 2. Accounting policies and measurement bases

##### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### Consolidation

The company has taken advantage of the exemption from preparing consolidated financial statements contained in Section 299 of the Companies Act 2014 on the basis that the company is itself a subsidiary undertaking and its holding undertaking is established under the laws of an EEA State.

##### Exceptional items

Exceptional items are disclosed separately in the financial statements in order to provide further understanding of the financial performance of the entity. They are material items of income or expense that have been shown separately because of their nature or amount.

##### Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

##### Financial assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

## Herbert Leisure Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 26 August 2025

#### **Impairment**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

#### **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

## Herbert Leisure Limited

### Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 26 August 2025

#### Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

#### 3. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 2 (2024: 2).

#### 4. Exceptional items

2025	2024
€	€
<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

For several months during the current year there was a worldwide shortage of certain glassmaking components which the company needs for its specialised manufacturing process. In order to maintain continuity of operations it was necessary to incur a premium charge for each shipment of these components and the total of these costs is included within cost of sales.

**Herbert Leisure Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 26 August 2025**

**5. Profit/(loss) before tax**

Profit/(loss) is stated after charging/(crediting):

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
Fair value adjustments to financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss	(51,651)	-
	<u>(51,651)</u>	<u>-</u>

**6. Appropriations of profit and loss account**

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	256,742	257,392
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	4,071,262	(650)
<b>At the end of the financial year</b>	<u>4,328,004</u>	<u>256,742</u>

**7. Financial assets**

	Shares in group undertakings	Other investments other than loans	<b>Total</b>
	€	€	€
<b>Cost or valuation</b>			
At 27 August 2024	802,831	-	802,831
Additions	-	3,998,982	3,998,982
Disposals	-	(999,828)	(999,828)
Revaluations	-	51,651	51,651
<b>At 26 August 2025</b>	<u>802,831</u>	<u>3,050,805</u>	<u>3,853,636</u>
<b>Provision for diminution in value</b>			
At 27 August 2024 and 26 August 2025	-	-	-
<b>Carrying amount</b>			
At 26 August 2025	<u>802,831</u>	<u>3,050,805</u>	<u>3,853,636</u>
At 26 August 2024	<u>802,831</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>802,831</u>

**Herbert Leisure Limited**

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)**  
**Financial year ended 26 August 2025**

**Financial assets held at valuation**

In respect of financial assets held at valuation the aggregate cost, depreciation and the comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

	Other investments other than loans €
<b>At 26 August 2025</b>	
Aggregate cost	2,999,154
	<u>                    </u>
<b>At 26 August 2024</b>	
Aggregate cost	-
	<u>                    </u>

The financial assets that have been revalued relate to Investments in fixed interest bonds

<b>8.</b>	<b>Debtors</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
	Prepayments	25,000	-
		<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b>9.</b>	<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
	Amounts owed to group undertakings	545,760	542,060
	Other creditors including tax and social insurance	6,314	-
	Accruals	3,580	3,700
		<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
		555,654	545,760
		<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b>10.</b>	<b>Provisions</b>	<b>2025</b>	2024
		€	€
	Deferred tax	17,045	-
		<u>                    </u>	<u>                    </u>
<b>11.</b>	<b>Approval of financial statements</b>		

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 6 March 2026.