

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 31 December 2025**

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
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# The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited

## DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

The directors made the following statement in respect of the unaudited financial statements:

### "General responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### Directors' declaration on unaudited financial statements

In relation to the financial statements which comprise the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes:

The directors approve these financial statements and confirm that they are responsible for them, including selecting the appropriate accounting policies, applying them consistently and making, on a reasonable and prudent basis, the judgements underlying them. They have been prepared on the going concern basis on the grounds that the company will continue in business.

The directors confirm that they have made available to Xeinadin, all the company's accounting records and provided all the information, books and documents necessary for the compilation of the financial statements.

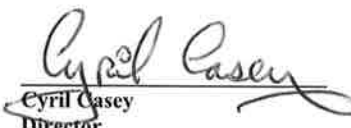
The directors confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief, the accounting records reflect all the transactions of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025."

### Signed on behalf of the board



Sharon Casey  
Director

Date: 12-4-26



Cyril Casey  
Director

Date: 12-4-26

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**BALANCE SHEET**

as at 31 December 2025


	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	2,097	3,603
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Stocks	7	70,000	70,000
Debtors	8	225	11,863
Cash and cash equivalents		72,814	91,804
		143,039	173,667
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	9	(54,855)	(67,196)
<b>Net Current Assets</b>		88,184	106,471
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		90,281	110,074
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		127	127
Retained earnings		90,154	109,947
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		90,281	110,074


The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited, state that -

- (a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,
- (b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,
- (c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),
- (d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,
- (e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 12-4-26 and signed on its behalf by:

  
 Sharon Casey  
 Director

  
 Cyril Casey  
 Director

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**

as at 31 December 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 January 2024</b>	127	96,831	96,958
Profit for the financial year	-	13,116	13,116
<b>At 31 December 2024</b>	127	109,947	110,074
Loss for the financial year	-	(19,793)	(19,793)
<b>At 31 December 2025</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>90,154</b>	<b>90,281</b>

# The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

### 1. General Information

The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 194385. The registered office of the company is Unit 6, Ennis Town Centre Mall, O'Connell Street, Ennis, Co. Clare which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company is the operation of a newsagents, confectionery and tobacco outlet. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

#### Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

#### Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. Cost comprises purchase price and other directly attributable costs. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Long leasehold property	-	5% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	12.5% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

#### Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

#### Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### Employee benefits

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company in an independently administered fund. The company also operates a defined benefit pension scheme for its employees providing benefits based on final pensionable pay. The assets of this scheme are also held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

# The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited

## NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

### **Taxation and deferred taxation**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

### **Government grants**

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Income Statement annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Income Statement when received.

### **Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

### **Financial Instruments**

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's Balance Sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

### **Basic financial assets and impairment**

Basic financial assets, which include trade and other receivables and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Financial assets are assessed for indicators of impairment at each reporting end date.

Financial assets are impaired where there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows have been affected. If an asset is impaired, the impairment loss is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of the estimated cash flows discounted at the asset's original effective interest rate. The impairment loss is recognised in the income statement.

If there is a decrease in the impairment loss arising from an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, the impairment is reversed. The reversal is such that the current carrying amount does not exceed what the carrying amount would have been, had the impairment not previously been recognised. The impairment reversal is recognised in the income statement.

### **Derecognition of financial assets**

Financial assets are derecognised only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire or are settled, or when the company transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to another entity, or if some significant risks and rewards of ownership are retained but control of the asset has transferred to another party that is able to sell the asset in its entirety to an unrelated third party.

### **Classification of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

### **Basic financial liabilities**

Basic financial liabilities, including trade and other payables, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 31 December 2025  
receipts discounted at a market rate of interest.

Debt instruments are subsequently carried at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate method.

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade payables are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

**Derecognition of financial liabilities**

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the company's contractual obligations expire or are discharged or cancelled.

**Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

**3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with FRS 102 requires the directors to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed by the directors on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision only affects that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

The following judgements have the most significant effect on amounts recognised in the financial statements.

**Going Concern**

The directors have assessed the company's ability to continue as a going concern, having regard to its current financial position, including its net asset position and available financial resources. Notwithstanding that the company is loss-making, the directors are satisfied that it has sufficient resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, the financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The financial statements do not include any adjustments that would arise if the company were unable to continue as a going concern.

<b>4. Operating (loss)/profit</b>	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	€	€
<b>Operating (loss)/profit is stated after charging/(crediting):</b>		
Depreciation of tangible assets	1,506	1,506
Government grants received	-	(10,252)
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**5. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 6, (2024 - 6).

	<b>2025</b>	<b>2024</b>
	Number	Number
Directors	1	1
Retail Staff	5	5
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>
	<b>6</b>	<b>6</b>
	<u>          </u>	<u>          </u>

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

**6. Tangible assets**

	Long leasehold property €	Fixtures, fittings and equipment €	Total €
<b>Cost</b>			
At 1 January 2025	24,211	56,475	80,686
At 31 December 2025	24,211	56,475	80,686
<b>Depreciation</b>			
At 1 January 2025	24,211	52,872	77,083
Charge for the financial year	-	1,506	1,506
At 31 December 2025	24,211	54,378	78,589
<b>Net book value</b>			
At 31 December 2025	-	2,097	2,097
At 31 December 2024	-	3,603	3,603

**7. Stocks**

	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	70,000	70,000

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

**8. Debtors**

	2025	2024
	€	€
Taxation	-	695
Prepayments	225	11,168
	225	11,863

All debtors are due within one year. The repayment terms of trade debtors vary between thirty days and ninety days.

**9. Creditors**

<b>Amounts falling due within one year</b>	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	39,570	55,819
Taxation	5,948	1,734
Directors' current accounts (Note 12)	787	4,093
Accruals	8,550	5,550
	54,855	67,196

The repayment terms of creditors vary between thirty days and ninety days. No interest is payable on trade creditors.

The terms of accruals are based on the underlying contracts.

Other amounts included within creditors not covered by specific note disclosure are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand.

**The Paper Chase (Ennis) Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 31 December 2025

**10. Income Statement**

	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 January 2025	109,947	96,831
(Loss)/profit for the financial year	(19,793)	13,116
At 31 December 2025	<u>90,154</u>	<u>109,947</u>

**11. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 31 December 2025.

**12. Directors' remuneration and transactions**

	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	35,000	33,918
Pension contributions	35,000	-
	<u>70,000</u>	<u>33,918</u>

The following amounts are repayable to the directors:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Sharon Casey	<u>787</u>	<u>4,093</u>

**13. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**14. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 12-4-26.

*Sharon Casey*