

**Kebry Limited**  
**Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements**  
**for the financial year ended 30 June 2025**

# **Kebry Limited**

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# **Kebry Limited**

## **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard, issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent.
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards.

As explained in note 3, As explained in note, the directors do not consider the going concern basis to be appropriate and these financial statements have therefore not been prepared on that basis.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

### **Signed on behalf of the board**

**James Kehoe**  
Director

**Kay Nolan**  
Director

**6 February 2026**

# Kebry Limited

## BALANCE SHEET

as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
<b>Fixed Assets</b>			
Tangible assets	5	3,266	3,266
<b>Current Assets</b>			
Debtors	6	1,198	-
Cash and cash equivalents		107	3,651
		1,305	3,651
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	7	(7,121)	(9,047)
<b>Net Current Liabilities</b>		(5,816)	(5,396)
<b>Total Assets less Current Liabilities</b>		(2,550)	(2,130)
<b>Capital and Reserves</b>			
Called up share capital presented as equity		100	100
Retained earnings		(2,650)	(2,230)
<b>Equity attributable to owners of the company</b>		(2,550)	(2,130)

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland", applying Section 1A of that Standard.

We as Directors of Kebry Limited, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,

(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) in accordance with section 334(2),

(d) we acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

**Approved by the board on 6 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:**

**James Kehoe**  
Director

**Kay Nolan**  
Director

**Kebry Limited****RECONCILIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS**

as at 30 June 2025

	<b>Called up share capital €</b>	<b>Retained earnings €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>At 1 July 2023</b>	100	(1,767)	(1,667)
Loss for the financial year	-	(463)	(463)
<b>At 30 June 2024</b>	100	(2,230)	(2,130)
Loss for the financial year	-	(420)	(420)
<b>At 30 June 2025</b>	<b>100</b>	<b>(2,650)</b>	<b>(2,550)</b>

# **Kebry Limited**

## **NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

### **1. General Information**

Kebry Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 527547. The registered office of the company is The Schooner, Ballygarrett,, Gorey, Co Wexford. The principle activity of the company is a publican. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

### **2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company financial statements.

#### **Statement of compliance**

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2014.

#### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" Section 1A, issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280A of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014 and Section 1A of FRS 102.

#### **Tangible assets and depreciation**

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 12.5% Straight line
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The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable. The directors have taken the view this year not to depreciate the assets as the company did not trade and the existing values are a fair reflection of their worth.

#### **Trade and other debtors**

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Trade and other creditors**

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

#### **Taxation and deferred taxation**

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**Kebry Limited****NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**Foreign currencies**

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

**Ordinary share capital**

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

**3. Going concern**

As a result of the losses incurred, there is an excess of liabilities over assets of €2,550 as at 30th June 2025. The company's directors will continue to support the company in order to enable it to meet any third party liability.

**4. Employees**

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 0, (2024 - 0).

**5. Tangible assets**

	<b>Fixtures, fittings and equipment €</b>	<b>Total €</b>
<b>Cost or Valuation</b>		
At 1 July 2024	12,607	12,607
At 30 June 2025	12,607	12,607
<b>Depreciation</b>		
At 1 July 2024	9,341	9,341
At 30 June 2025	9,341	9,341
<b>Net book value</b>		
At 30 June 2025	<b>3,266</b>	<b>3,266</b>
At 30 June 2024	3,266	3,266
<b>6. Debtors</b>	<b>2025 €</b>	<b>2024 €</b>
Other debtors	<b>1,198</b>	-
<b>7. Creditors</b>	<b>2025 €</b>	<b>2024 €</b>
Amounts falling due within one year		
Taxation	<b>7,121</b>	9,021
Directors' current accounts (Note 10)	-	26
	<b>7,121</b>	9,047

**Kebry Limited**  
**NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**  
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

**8. Income Statement**

	<b>2025</b>	2024
	€	€
At 1 July 2024	<b>(2,230)</b>	(1,767)
Loss for the financial year	<b>(420)</b>	(463)
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 30 June 2025	<b>(2,650)</b>	(2,230)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

**9. Capital commitments**

The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2025.

**10. Directors' transactions**

**11. Post-Balance Sheet Events**

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

**12. Approval of financial statements**

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 6 February 2026.