

JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited Unaudited

Abridged Financial Statements

for the year ended 30 June 2025

JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited

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JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited

Balance Sheet

as at 30 June 2025

	2025	2024
	€	€
Called up share capital not paid	-	-
Fixed Assets	3,240	800
Current Assets	1,211	5,597
Prepayments and accrued income	1,430	1,544
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	<u>(6,095)</u>	<u>(8,149)</u>
Net Current Assets/(Liabilities)	<u>(3,454)</u>	<u>(1,008)</u>
Total Assets less Current Liabilities	(214)	(208)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		-
Provisions for liabilities		-
Accruals and deferred income	-	-
Net Assets	<u>(214)</u>	<u>(208)</u>
Capital and Reserves	<u>(214)</u>	<u>(208)</u>

I, as Director of JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Ltd, state that -

(a) the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014,


(b) the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in s.358 are satisfied,

(c) the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under s.334(1) in accordance with s.334(2),

(d) I acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare Financial Statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to Financial Statements so far as they are applicable to the company,

(e) the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in s.352 Companies Act 2014 (as a micro company); has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged Financial Statements have been properly prepared in accordance with s.353 Companies Act 2014.

Approved by the board on 5 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:



Julie Kelly
Director

JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2025

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The financial statements comprising the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes constitute the individual financial statements of JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited for the financial year ended 30 June 2025.

JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited is a private company limited by shares (registered under Part 2 of the Companies Act 2014), incorporated in the Republic of Ireland (CRO number 606550). Moriah, Church Road, Killiney, Co. Dublin is the registered office, which is also the principal place of business of the company. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 (the Act) and FRS 105 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the Micro-entities Regime issued by the Financial Reporting Council and promulgated by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland. The company qualifies as a micro company for the year, as defined by section 280D of the Act, in respect of the financial year and has applied the rules of the 'Micro Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280E of the Act and FRS 105

Tangible fixed assets

All tangible fixed assets are initially recorded at historic cost. This includes legal fees, stamp duty and other non-refundable purchase taxes, and also any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, which can include the costs of site preparation, initial delivery and handling, installation and assembly, and testing of functionality.

Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation, less estimated residual value, of each asset systematically over its expected useful life, on a straight-line basis, as follows:

Fixtures & fittings	-	over 8 years
Computer Equipment	-	over 3 years

Where factors indicate that the residual values or useful lives of tangible assets may have changed, a review will be carried out of the residual values, depreciation methods and useful lives, and these will be amended if necessary. Changes in depreciation rates arising from this review are accounted for prospectively over the remaining useful lives of the assets.

Intangible fixed assets

Website Development

Intangible assets internally generated by the company, such as a website development costs, are capitalised at cost including any directly attributable cost of preparing the assets for their intended use. They are amortised using the straight-line basis over their useful lives.

Impairments of assets, other than financial instruments, stocks and work in progress

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is any indication that the recoverable amount of an asset is less than its carrying amount. If any such indication exists, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount, resulting in an impairment loss. Impairment losses are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account.

Where the circumstances causing an impairment of an asset, other than goodwill, no longer apply, then the impairment is reversed through the profit and loss account. An impairment loss recognised for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2025

The recoverable amount of an asset is the higher of its fair value less costs to sell and its value in use. The value in use is the present value of the future cash flows expected to be derived from that asset. This is determined by reference to the present value of the future cash flows of the company which is considered by the directors to be a single cash generating unit.

Turnover

Turnover is stated net of VAT and similar taxes and derives from the provision of services falling within the company's ordinary activities. Turnover on supply of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the service at the end of the financial year. The stage of completion is determined primarily on the basis of time costs applied to individual service assignments. Deposits received from customers in advance of the stage of completion of services at the end of the financial year are not recognised as income and are included in creditors.

Taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the financial year and is calculated with reference to the tax rates applying at the financial year end date in the jurisdiction where the tax is applied. Deferred taxation is not recognised.

Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rate of exchange ruling at the financial year end date. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All foreign exchange differences are taken to the profit and loss account.

Financial Instruments

Ordinary Share Capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets, including trade debtors for goods sold to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the transaction price including transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at the transaction price plus transaction costs not yet recognised, cumulative interest income less repayments and impairment, where there is evidence of impairment.

Loans and borrowings

All loans made by the company are initially recorded at the amount loaned plus transaction costs. Subsequently, loans made by the company are stated at the transaction price plus transaction costs not yet recognised and cumulative interest income earned minus repayments and any reduction for impairment or uncollectability, where there is evidence of impairment.

All borrowings by the company are initially recorded at the amount borrowed less transaction costs. Subsequently, borrowings are stated at the transaction price minus transaction costs not yet recognised and repayments plus cumulative interest expenses incurred.

Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial year end date.

Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities, including trade creditors, are initially measured at transaction price less transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at the transaction price less transaction costs not yet recognised in profit or loss and repayments plus cumulative interest expenses incurred.

Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is evidence of impairment of any financial assets, including investments, loans, trade debtors and cash. If there is evidence of impairment, impairment losses are recognised in the Profit and Loss account in that financial year.

JMK Accountancy & Taxation Services Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the year ended 30 June 2025

3. APPROPRIATION OF PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT	2025	2024
	€	€
Profit/(Loss) brought forward at the beginning of the financial year	(309)	(254)
Profit/ (Loss) for the financial year	(6)	(55)
Profit/(Loss) carried forward at the end of year of the financial	<u>(314)</u>	<u>(309)</u>

4. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 5 February 2026.