

Keyhygiene Limited
Abridged Financial Statements
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Keyhygiene Limited
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Keyhygiene Limited
DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT
for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and Directors' Report comply with the Companies Act 2014 and enable the financial statements to be readily and properly audited. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Disclosure of Information to Auditor

Each persons who are directors at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- there is no relevant audit information (information needed by the company's auditor in connection with preparing the auditor's report) of which the company's auditor is unaware, and
- the directors have taken all the steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditor is aware of that information.

Signed on behalf of the board



Mark Butler
Director

10 February 2026



Neville O'Boyle
Director

10 February 2026

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF KEYHYGIENE LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Opinion

In our opinion the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex the abridged financial statements to the annual return of Keyhygiene Limited ('the company') and those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to the provisions of section 353 of that Act (exemptions available to small companies).

Basis of opinion

We have examined :

- (i) the abridged financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 on pages 7 to 15 which the directors of Keyhygiene Limited propose to annex to the annual return of the company; and
- (ii) the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting, which form the basis for those abridged financial statements.

The scope of our work for the purpose of this report was limited to confirming that the directors are entitled to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the financial statements to be laid before the Annual General Meeting.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

It is your responsibility to prepare abridged financial statements which comply with section 352 of the Companies Act 2014. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion that the directors are entitled under section 352 of the Companies Act 2014 to annex abridged financial statements to the annual return of the company and that those abridged financial statements have been properly prepared pursuant to sections 352 and 353 of that Act and to report our opinion to you.

This report is made solely to the company's directors, as a body, in accordance with section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the directors those matters we are required to state to them in our report under section 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014 and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the directors for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Other Information required by the Companies Act 2014

On 10 February 2026 we reported to the members on the company's financial statements for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 and our report was as follows:

"Report on the audit of the financial statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Keyhygiene Limited ('the company') for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 which comprise the Income Statement, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the related notes to the financial statements, including the summary of significant accounting policies set out in note 2. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is Irish Law and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued in the United Kingdom by the Financial Reporting Council.

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at 30 June 2025 and of its profit for the financial year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland"; and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2014.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (Ireland) (ISAs (Ireland)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are described below in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in Ireland, including the Ethical Standard for Auditors (Ireland) issued by the Irish Auditing and Accounting Supervisory Authority (IAASA), and the Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities, in the circumstances set out in note 4 to the financial statements, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF KEYHYGIENE LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report other than the financial statements and our Auditor's Report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2014

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit, we report that:

- the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Directors' Report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

We have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, are necessary for the purposes of our audit.

In our opinion the accounting records of the company were sufficient to permit the financial statements to be readily and properly audited and the financial statements are in agreement with the accounting records.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Based on the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

The Companies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion, the requirements of any of sections 305 to 312 of the Act, which relate to disclosures of directors' remuneration and transactions are not complied with by the Company. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Respective responsibilities

Responsibilities of directors for the financial statements

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 3, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements in accordance with the applicable financial reporting framework that give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as they determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, if applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operation, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S SPECIAL REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF KEYHYGIENE LIMITED

pursuant to section 356(1) and 356(2) of the Companies Act 2014

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an Auditor's Report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (Ireland) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the IAASA's website at: www.iaasa.ie/wp-content/uploads/2022/10/Description_of_auditors_responsibilities_for_audit.pdf. The description forms part of our Auditor's Report.

The purpose of our audit work and to whom we owe our responsibilities

Our report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with section 391 of the Companies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an Auditor's Report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume any responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed."



Brian Murphy
for and on behalf of
XEINADIN AUDIT IRELAND LIMITED
Chartered Accountants and Statutory Audit Firm
74 Northumberland Rd
Ballsbridge
Dublin 4

10 February 2026

We certify that the auditor's report on pages 4 - 6 made pursuant to section 356(1) of the Companies Act 2014 is a true copy of the original.



Mark Butler
Secretary

10 February 2026



Neville O'Boyle
Director

10 February 2026

Keyhygiene Limited
BALANCE SHEET
as at 30 June 2025

	Notes	2025 €	2024 €
Fixed Assets			
Intangible assets	9	264,598	352,488
Tangible assets	10	210,475	217,280
Investments	11	6,023,993	840,409
Fixed Assets		6,499,066	1,410,177
Current Assets			
Stocks	12	28,964	29,823
Debtors	13	2,211,849	268,079
Cash and cash equivalents		54,507	45,406
		2,295,320	343,308
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	14	(7,184,585)	(904,222)
Net Current Liabilities		(4,889,265)	(560,914)
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		1,609,801	849,263
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital presented as equity		2	2
Retained earnings		1,609,799	849,261
Equity attributable to owners of the company		1,609,801	849,263

We as Directors of Keyhygiene Limited, state that -

The company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 Companies Act 2014. The company has done so on the grounds that it is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and confirm that the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 Companies Act 2014 and the small companies' regime.

Approved by the board on 10 February 2026 and signed on its behalf by:



Mark Butler
Director



Neville O'Boyle
Director

Keyhygiene Limited
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
as at 30 June 2025

	Called up share capital €	Retained earnings €	Total €
At 1 July 2023	2	359,829	359,831
Profit for the financial year	-	489,432	489,432
At 30 June 2024	2	849,261	849,263
Profit for the financial year	-	760,538	760,538
At 30 June 2025	<u>2</u>	<u>1,609,799</u>	<u>1,609,801</u>

Keyhygiene Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

1. General Information

Keyhygiene Limited is a company limited by shares incorporated and registered in Ireland. The registered number of the company is 605765. The registered office of the company is Unit 20B, Greenhills Industrial Estate, Greenhills Road, Dublin 12 which is also the principal place of business of the company. The principal activity of the company is the provision of sanitary and hygiene services. The financial statements have been presented in Euro (€) which is also the functional currency of the company.

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 30 June 2025 have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" (FRS 102).

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is the Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council.

The company qualifies as a small company as defined by section 280B of the Companies Act 2014 in respect of the financial year, and has applied the rules of the 'Small Companies Regime' in accordance with section 280C of the Companies Act 2014.

Cash flow statement

The company has availed of the exemption in FRS 102 from the requirement to prepare a Statement of Cash Flows because it is classified as a small company.

Consolidated accounts

The company is entitled to the exemption provided for in section 293 (1A) of the Companies Act 2014 from the obligation to prepare group accounts because it qualifies as a small company in accordance with the small companies' regime.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of goods and services supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets including other intangible fixed assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Balance Sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 5 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Plant and machinery	-	25% Straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	-	25% Straight line
Motor vehicles	-	12.50% Straight line
IT/Software	-	25% Straight line

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Keyhygiene Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Investments

Investments held as fixed assets are stated at cost less provision for any permanent diminution in value. Income from other investments together with any related withholding tax is recognised in the Income Statement in the financial year in which it is receivable.

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Stocks are determined on a first-in first-out basis. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing stocks to their present location and condition. Full provision is made for obsolete and slow moving items. Net realisable value comprises actual or estimated selling price (net of trade discounts) less all further costs to completion or to be incurred in marketing and selling.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Related parties

For the purposes of these financial statements a party is considered to be related to the company if:

- the party has the ability, directly or indirectly, through one or more intermediaries to control the company or exercise significant influence over the company in making financial and operating policy decisions or has joint control over the company;
- the company and the party are subject to common control;
- the party is an associate of the company or forms part of a joint venture with the company;
- the party is a member of key management personnel of the company or the company's parent, or a close family member of such as an individual, or is an entity under the control, joint control or significant influence of such individuals;
- the party is a close family member of a party referred to above or is an entity under the control or significant influence of such individuals; or
- the party is a post-employment benefit plan which is for the benefit of employees of the company or of any entity that is a related party of the company.

Close family members of an individual are those family members who may be expected to influence, or be influenced by, that individual in their dealings with the company.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Income Statement.

Keyhygiene Limited

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Significant accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of these financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects that period. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial period are described below.

(1) Providing for doubtful debts

The company makes an estimate of the recoverable value of debtors. The company uses estimates based on historical experience in determining the level of debts, which the company believes may not be collected. The level of provision required is reviewed on an on-going basis.

(2) Intangible assets - Goodwill

The company acquires businesses over time. The company considers whether there are indications of impairment at the year end. This is considered a significant accounting judgement. Goodwill is amortised over 5 years.

(3) Depreciation

The company makes an estimate of the reduction in value of fixed assets during the year.

4. Provisions Available for Audits of Small Entities

In common with many other businesses of our size and nature, we use our auditors to prepare and submit tax returns to the Revenue and to assist with the preparation of the financial statements.

5. Operating profit	2025	2024
	€	€
Operating profit is stated after charging:		
Amortisation of intangible assets	93,940	43,280
Depreciation of tangible assets	131,894	104,846
Loss on foreign currencies	137,895	2,879
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6. Value adjustments in respect of investments	2025	2024
	€	€
Value adjustments in respect of fixed asset investments		
- permanent diminution in value	(355,936)	239,269
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

7. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including directors, during the financial year was 32, (2024 - 31).

Keyhygiene Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

8. Tax on profit		2025	2024
		€	€
(a) Analysis of charge in the financial year			
Current tax:			
Corporation tax at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%) (Note 8 (b))		<u>98,739</u>	<u>115,547</u>
(b) Factors affecting tax charge for the financial year			
The tax assessed for the financial year differs from the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%). The differences are explained below:			
		2025	2024
		€	€
Profit taxable at 12.50%		<u>859,277</u>	<u>604,979</u>
Profit before tax multiplied by the standard rate of corporation tax in the Republic of Ireland at 12.50% (2024 - 12.50%)		107,410	75,622
Effects of:			
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes		19,430	1,134
Depreciation in excess of capital allowances for period non allowable amortisation		4,649 (32,750)	3,472 35,319
Total tax charge for the financial year (Note 8 (a))		<u>98,739</u>	<u>115,547</u>
9. Intangible assets			
		Goodwill	Total
		€	€
Cost			
At 1 July 2024		543,653	543,653
Additions		6,050	6,050
At 30 June 2025		<u>549,703</u>	<u>549,703</u>
Provision for diminution in value			
At 1 July 2024		191,165	191,165
Charge for financial year		93,940	93,940
At 30 June 2025		<u>285,105</u>	<u>285,105</u>
Net book value			
At 30 June 2025		<u>264,598</u>	<u>264,598</u>
At 30 June 2024		<u>352,488</u>	<u>352,488</u>

Keyhygiene Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

10. Tangible assets	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	IT/Software	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 1 July 2024	451,295	7,035	77,363	77,610	613,303
Additions	31,754	4,577	72,105	16,552	124,988
At 30 June 2025	<u>483,049</u>	<u>11,612</u>	<u>149,468</u>	<u>94,162</u>	<u>738,291</u>
Depreciation					
At 1 July 2024	296,329	7,035	55,881	36,778	396,023
Charge for the financial year	76,805	286	33,497	21,205	131,793
At 30 June 2025	<u>373,134</u>	<u>7,321</u>	<u>89,378</u>	<u>57,983</u>	<u>527,816</u>
Net book value					
At 30 June 2025	<u>109,915</u>	<u>4,291</u>	<u>60,090</u>	<u>36,179</u>	<u>210,475</u>
At 30 June 2024	<u>154,966</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>21,482</u>	<u>40,832</u>	<u>217,280</u>
11. Investments				Subsidiary undertakings shares	Total
				€	€
Investments					
Cost					
At 1 July 2024				1,196,345	1,196,345
Additions				4,827,648	4,827,648
At 30 June 2025				<u>6,023,993</u>	<u>6,023,993</u>
Provision for diminution in value:					
At 1 July 2024				355,936	355,936
Disposals				(355,936)	(355,936)
At 30 June 2025				<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Net book value					
At 30 June 2025				<u>6,023,993</u>	<u>6,023,993</u>
At 30 June 2024				<u>840,409</u>	<u>840,409</u>
12. Stocks				2025	2024
				€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale				<u>28,964</u>	<u>29,823</u>

The replacement cost of stock did not differ significantly from the figures shown.

continued

Keyhygiene Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

13. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	10,955	-
Amounts owed by group undertakings	794,106	199,517
Amounts owed by connected parties (Note 18)	1,354,173	41,758
Taxation	16,811	-
Prepayments	35,804	26,804
	<u>2,211,849</u>	<u>268,079</u>
14. Creditors	2025	2024
Amounts falling due within one year	€	€
Trade creditors	284,965	261,798
Amounts owed to group undertakings	227,824	-
Amounts owed to connected parties (Note 18)	5,847,899	-
Taxation	92,931	152,907
Other creditors	349,787	158,607
Accruals	61,432	59,988
Deferred Income	319,747	270,922
	<u>7,184,585</u>	<u>904,222</u>
15. Income Statement		
	2025	2024
	€	€
At 1 July 2024	849,261	359,829
Profit for the financial year	760,538	489,432
At 30 June 2025	<u>1,609,799</u>	<u>849,261</u>
16. Capital commitments		
The company had no material capital commitments at the financial year-ended 30 June 2025.		
17. Directors' remuneration	2025	2024
	€	€
Remuneration	<u>72,000</u>	<u>72,000</u>

Keyhygiene Limited
NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 30 June 2025

18. Related party transactions

The company has availed of the exemption under FRS 102 in relation to the disclosure of transactions with group undertakings.

As permitted by the Companies Act 2014 the company had transactions with other connected parties. The following amounts are receivable at the financial year end:

	Balance 2025 €	Movement in year €	Balance 2024 €	Maximum in year €
Key Waste Management Limited	1,354,173	1,312,415	41,758	1,354,173

The following amounts are due to other connected parties:

	2025 €	2024 €
Key Waste Management 3 Limited	143,115	-
Key Waste Management Holdings Unlimited Company	5,704,784	-
	<u>5,847,899</u>	<u>-</u>

Net balances with other connected parties:

	2025 €	2024 €
Key Waste Management Limited	1,354,173	41,758
Key Waste Management 3 Limited	(143,115)	-
Key Waste Management Holdings Unlimited Company	(5,704,784)	-
	<u>(4,493,726)</u>	<u>41,758</u>

19. Post-Balance Sheet Events

There have been no significant events affecting the company since the financial year-end.

20. Approval of financial statements

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board of directors on 10 February 2026.