

Company registration number: 49139

Kerryflowers Ltd.

**Unaudited abridged financial statements
for the financial year ended 30 April 2025**

Kerryflowers Ltd.

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Directors responsibilities statement

These abridged financial statements have been extracted, pursuant to section 353 of the Companies Act 2014, from the statutory financial statements prepared under section 290 of that Act. The following is the Directors Responsibilities Statement accompanying those financial statements.

The directors are responsible for preparing the directors report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable Irish law and regulations.

Irish company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under the law, the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with Companies Act 2014 and FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" issued by the Financial Reporting Council. Under company law, the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company as at the financial year end date and of the profit or loss of the company for the financial year and otherwise comply with the Companies Act 2014.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether the financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards, identify those standards, and note the effect and the reasons for any material departure from those standards; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for ensuring that the company keeps or causes to be kept adequate accounting records which correctly explain and record the transactions of the company, enable at any time the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of the company to be determined with reasonable accuracy, enable them to ensure that the financial statements and directors report comply with the Companies Act 2014. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Signed on behalf of the board on 16/03/26

Brian Shanahan
Director

Kieran Shanahan
Director

Kerryflowers Ltd.

**Balance sheet
As at 30/04/25**

		2025		2024	
Note		€	€	€	€
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4	245,271		899,268	
Financial assets	5	70		70	
			245,341		899,338
Current assets					
Stocks	6	148,257		155,393	
Debtors	7	24,606		173,505	
Cash at bank and in hand		1,044,902		735,485	
		1,217,765		1,064,383	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	8	(262,083)		(182,827)	
Net current assets			955,682		881,556
Total assets less current liabilities			1,201,023		1,780,894
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	9		(3,358)		(3,731)
Net assets			1,197,665		1,777,163
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital presented as equity			127		127
Profit and loss account			1,197,538		1,777,036
Shareholders funds			1,197,665		1,777,163

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these abridged financial statements.

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**Balance sheet (continued)
As at 30/04/25**

We, as directors of Kerryflowers Ltd. state that:

- the company is availing itself of the exemption provided for by Chapter 15 of Part 6 of the Companies Act 2014;
- the company is availing itself of the exemption on the grounds that the conditions specified in section 358 of the Companies Act 2014 are satisfied;
- the shareholders of the company have not served a notice on the company under section 334(1) of the Companies Act 2014 in accordance with section 334(2);
- We acknowledge the company's obligations under the Companies Act 2014, to keep adequate accounting records and prepare financial statements which give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities and financial position of the company at the end of its financial year and of its profit or loss for such a financial year and to otherwise comply with the provisions of Companies Act 2014 relating to financial statements so far as they are applicable to the company; and
- the company has relied on the specified exemption contained in section 352 of the Companies Act 2014; has done so on the grounds that the company is entitled to the benefit of that exemption as a small company and the abridged financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with section 353 of the Companies Act 2014.

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors on 16/03/26 and signed on behalf of the board by:

Brian Shanahan
Director

Kieran Shanahan
Director

Company registration number: 49139

The notes on pages 4 to 10 form part of these abridged financial statements.

Kerryflowers Ltd.

Notes to the abridged financial statements Financial year ended 30/04/25

1. Accounting policies and measurement bases

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in Euro, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Consolidation

The company qualifies for the small companies regime and has taken advantage of the exemption to prepare consolidated financial statements contained in Section 293 of the Companies Act 2014.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Kerryflowers Ltd.

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30/04/25

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Land	-	Not depreciated
Plant and machinery	-	10% reducing balance
Glasshouses	-	10% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	-	20% reducing balance

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Financial assets

Financial assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any provision for diminution in value. Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Kerryflowers Ltd.

Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30/04/25

Government grants

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the company recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30/04/25

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

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Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued) Financial year ended 30/04/25

Cash flow statement exemption

The company has availed of the exemption contained in Section 1A of FRS 102 and as a result have elected not to prepare a cash flow statement.

Trade and other debtors

Debtors represent the gross amounts owed by third parties.

Cash at bank and on hand

Cash and at bank and on hand include cash on hand, demand deposits and other term highly liquid investments regardless of maturity. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

Creditors and accruals

Creditors and accruals are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new ordinary shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2. Staff costs

The average number of persons employed by the company during the financial year, including the directors was 13 (2024: 13).

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the financial year were:

	2025	2024
	€	€
Wages and salaries	218,599	180,746
Social insurance costs	21,085	15,967
Other retirement benefit costs	29,583	478,418
	<u>269,267</u>	<u>675,131</u>

3. Appropriations of profit and loss account

	2025	2024
	€	€
At the start of the financial year	1,777,036	2,045,585
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	102,601	(268,549)
Other movements	(682,099)	-
At the end of the financial year	<u><u>1,197,538</u></u>	<u><u>1,777,036</u></u>

Kerryflowers Ltd.

**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30/04/25**

4. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Plant and machinery	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Motor vehicles	Total
	€	€	€	€	€
Cost					
At 01/05/24	697,581	234,716	482,925	207,561	1,622,783
Additions	141,099	4,207	40,200	35,647	221,153
Disposals	(835,662)	-	-	(25,728)	(861,390)
At 30/04/25	<u>3,018</u>	<u>238,923</u>	<u>523,125</u>	<u>217,480</u>	<u>982,546</u>
Depreciation					
At 01/05/24	-	153,385	386,105	184,025	723,515
Charge for the financial year	-	8,554	13,702	10,488	32,744
Disposals	-	-	-	(18,984)	(18,984)
At 30/04/25	<u>-</u>	<u>161,939</u>	<u>399,807</u>	<u>175,529</u>	<u>737,275</u>
Carrying amount					
At 30/04/25	<u>3,018</u>	<u>76,984</u>	<u>123,318</u>	<u>41,951</u>	<u>245,271</u>
At 30/04/24	<u>697,581</u>	<u>81,331</u>	<u>96,820</u>	<u>23,536</u>	<u>899,268</u>

5. Financial assets

	Shares in group undertakings	Total
	€	€
Cost		
At 01/05/24 and 30/04/25	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>
Provision for diminution in value		
At 01/05/24 and 30/04/25	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Carrying amount		
At 30/04/25	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>
At 30/04/24	<u>70</u>	<u>70</u>

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**Notes to the abridged financial statements (continued)
Financial year ended 30/04/25**

6. Stocks	2025	2024
	€	€
Finished goods and goods for resale	148,257	155,393
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
7. Debtors	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade debtors	9,725	17,525
Other debtors	14,881	155,980
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u>24,606</u>	<u>173,505</u>
8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Trade creditors	210,908	128,291
Other creditors including tax and social insurance	43,633	47,926
Accruals	7,542	6,610
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	<u>262,083</u>	<u>182,827</u>
9. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2025	2024
	€	€
Deferred income	3,358	3,731
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

10. Approval of financial statements

The board of directors approved these abridged financial statements for issue on 16 March 2026.